The Appleton Crescent.

"The Union, the Constitution, and the Enforcement of its Laws."

BY RYAN & CO | CITY OF APPLETON, WIS., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1861. | VOL. VIII, NO. 44.

The Appleton Crescent

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TERMS.

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Attorney at Law, and Solicitor in Chancery. Office on College Avenue, over the Post Office, Appleton, Wisconsin.

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Wholesale and retail dealer in dry goods, millinery goods, fancy goods, hats, caps, boots and shoes ready made clothing, oil cloths, carpeting, groceries and provisions. Corner College Avenue and Oneida street, Appleton, Wis. 27v8

FAY & HUMPHREY,
Dealers in clothing, hats and caps, gents' furnishing goods, boots, shoes and rubber goods. People's Exchange, Masonic Block, College Avenue, corner of Oneida street, Appleton, Wis. [v7 98

C. G. ADKINS,
Dealer in goods, wares and merchandise, drugs, paints, oils, boots and shoes, groceries and provisions, "Adkins' new Stone Block," College Avenue, Appleton, Wisconsin

THOMAS DANS,
Dealer in dry goods, hats and caps, boots and shoes, and gentlemen's furnishing goods. Located in Warner's new building, on College Avenue, three doors west of the Post Office. Come, Appletonians.

W. M. RUSSELL,
Wholesale and retail dealer in stoves, tin, copper, sheet iron, brass, planished and brittania ware.—Also, a general assortment of Japanned ware constantly on hand. College Avenue, Appleton.

SHAW & TOMPKINS,
Practicing Physicians and Surgeons, Appleton, Wis. Office at the City Drug Store, next door to the Bank building. All calls either in the city or from the country, promptly attended to. Particular attention given to Surgery. 7-51
G. E. SHAW, M. D. M TOMPKINS, M D.

LYON & TURNER,
Keepers of the Appleton Livery Stable, on Morrison Street, directly north of the Crescent Hotel—Horses and vehicles of almost every description on hand at all hours. Our Omnibuses will run to the boats regular, during the season of navigation, to accommodate travellers. A generous patronage is respectfully solicited. 51v7

GEORGE R. WOOD,
Sheriff of Outagamie County. Office at the County Building. Residence—in the First Ward. Official business entrusted to my care will receive prompt attention. (39v8

THOMAS MCGILLAN,
Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of Outagamie County. Office in the County Building. Business attended to promptly. (39v8

JOHN JEWETT, JR.,
District Attorney for the County of Outagamie. Office in the Bank Building, College Avenue. (39v8

DUNN & BREWSTER,
Pork and Flour Barrel Manufacturers, Appleton Wisconsin. 22

JAMES P. BUCK,
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MORRIS R. BARTEAU, *Agent.*
Appleton, - - - - Wisconsin.
Spokes, hubs, sawed felloes, bent fellows, gearing buggy bows, seat arms, seat spindles, poles shafts, and wagon and carriage material generally, of best quality and finish always on hand. 34v8

O. W. CLARK,
Manufacturer of Hand Rakes, Ox Bows, Fork, Hoe and Broom Handles. All other turned work promptly attended to. Address O. W. CLARK. v8n38y] Appleton, Wisconsin.

P. J. WILLIAMSON,
Architect. Office corner College Avenue and Durkee street. Plans and Specifications for all kinds of Buildings furnished at short notice and on the most liberal terms. v7n35

SHAVING AND HAIR-DRESSING.
NORMAN ANDERSON,
Having permanently located himself in this city, is now prepared to accommodate all who may wish his services. Ladies are invited to call whenever they want hair Cutting or Dressing done in the most approved style. Five doors east of "Crescent Hotel."
Appleton, April 7th, 1860. v5n1

CRESCENT HOTEL,
HENRY WHITE, PROPRIETOR.
This Hotel is located on the corner of College Avenue and Morrison St's, directly in the business part of town, it is in the immediate vicinity of Lyon and Turner's Livery Stable, connected daily with the boats. The table will be supplied continually with the best the market affords. No pains will be spared to make the traveller feel at home. 52v7

Edgarton Hotel,
R. P. EDGARTON, Proprietor.
College Avenue, - - - (38) - - - Appleton

WINNEBAGO COUNTY BANK,
Neenah, - - - - Wisconsin
A. H. CRONKHITE, President.
C. C. TOWNSEND, Cashier.

MARQUETTE COUNTY BANK,
OF A. H. CRONKHITE & CO.
Berlin, - - - - Wisconsin.
CHARLES CRONKHITE, President.
D. R. WHITACRE, Cashier.

Appleton Cigar Factory.
JAMES WHITWORTH,
Is prepared to fill all orders for the best Cigars ever offered in this market. Manufactory, Marston's Block, College Avenue, Appleton. 34v

F. J. JACKSON,
HARNESS MAKER, APPLETON, WISCONSIN.
All work entrusted to his care executed promptly and in a workmanlike manner. Repairing done on short notice. Thankful for past favors a continuance of the same is respectfully solicited, feeling confident of being able to give satisfaction. Shop on College Avenue, nearly opposite the Improvement offices. [n40v8

FAY & HUMPHREY'S COLUMN.

PIONEER CLOTHING STORE

Appleton, Wis.

Winter Goods.

FAY & HUMPHREY

HAVE RECEIVED THEIR WINTER STOCK of Goods, which consists of

CLOTHING and CLOTHS

OF EVERY QUALITY AND PRICE.

Undershirts and Drawers

IN VARIETY.

WOOL SOCKS AND YARN.

HATS And CAPS

ALL DESIRABLE STYLES.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

WE ASK A CAREFUL EXAMINATION OF OUR Stock in this department.

NEARLY ALL

OF OUR GOODS

WERE MANUFACTURED

FOR US,

AND WILL BE FOUND VERY

SUPERIOR ARTICLES.

RUBBER BOOTS AND SHOES.

LADIES call and examine our

HOSIERY AND GLOVES,

LADIES GAITERS AND RUBBERS

WE HAVE

TRUNKS, CARPET BAGS,

VALISES, UMBRELLAS.

FAY & HUMPHREY.

Appleton, October 26, 1860. 28v8

Correspondence.

For the Appleton Crescent.

SIR—Being on a shopping tour with my wife, I called into P. WHITE'S STORE after having been in several others, and here I found most everything I wanted, and many things a little cheaper than at any other place, and I thought I would get you to tell my neighbors what I saw there, as people must look into the Crescent if they want to be posted:

Jack-Knives and Scissors, Tobacco and Screws,
Dried Apples, and Currants, and Raisins too;
Fine and coarse Salt in barrels and sacks,
Gimblets and Cork-Screws, Hammers and Tacks;
Hay-Knives and Crow-Bars that never were broke,
With plenty of Sugar, Molasses and Soap;
Fine Combs and coarse, Drag-Teeth and Saws,
Gloves and Lamp Oil, Boots and Shoes;
Crackers and Codfish, Glass, Nails and Herring,
Sheeting and Shirting, Scoop-Shovels and Denims;
Pepper and Tea, Coffee, Ginger and Oats,
200 Accounts and as many old Notes;
Here's Wadding and Butter, Hats, Cotton & Cans,
Lard, Flannel, and Allspice, besides Cotton Batts,
Pins, Needles and Rice, Flies, Nutmegs and Flour,
Walk in, if you buy no cheaper elsewhere,
Dress Goods & Prints, Stockings, Laces & Spades.
And here is the place if you've cash for to trade

WOOL YARN AND SOCKS at the PEOPLE'S EXCHANGE.

BADGER

Furniture Establishment.

C. J. GEIGER, & Co.

WE ARE PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE ALL kinds of Household and office Furniture, and

CABINET WARE

OF EVERY DECRIPTION, AS GOOD AS THE BEST AND CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST, AT

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

We will furnish retail dealers on the most reasonable terms. Give us a trial. All orders filled with dispatch. We will warrant every article, as we employ the most COMPETENT MECHANICS, and use the BEST OF MATERIALS.

WARE ROOMS

One Door west of the Edgarton Hotel, on College Avenue, where may be found the largest and best selected stock in the city.

UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.

Chairs, both cane and others re-seated.
Furniture repaired on short notice.
Ready Made Coffins always kept on hand or made to order.

FACTORY

Opposite the Outagamie Flouring Mills, where we Manufacture every kind of common furniture and do SAWING and all kinds of

WOOD TURNING,

Clothes Driers and Broom Handles, &c., &c., constantly on hand. Terms Cash or Ready Pay.
C. J. GEIGER, R. GANTENBEIN.
Appleton, Wisconsin, Jan'y 12, 1861. n39v8

Travelling Agents Wanted!

PERMANENT EMPLOYMENT.

WE will employ Agents to sell a new and valuable Patent article, either on commission or at a liberal salary. Business honorable, useful and lucrative. The article is required in every family. Enclose stamp and address for particulars and complete instructions, J. W. HARRIS & Co., Boston, Mass. 35v8

Lola Montez—The Cause and Circumstances of her Death.

The death of Lola Montez in New York, on the 17th, was caused by paralysis. The Philadelphia Press thus describes the circumstances which led to the premature death of this erratic but gifted woman at the age of thirty-eight.

A few months ago she was attacked with paralysis, which ended in death. The cause of this attack remains to be related, and we shall mention it here. When Lola went to California as an actress, she engaged an agent. This gentleman was a married man with two children, and seeing him unhappy in their absence, she presented him with sufficient money to bring his family on. Shortly after their arrival the husband died. Lola then adopted the widow and orphans—educating the latter at Mrs. Willard's seminary, at Troy. An officer in the United States Navy fell in love with one of these girls, and Lola litterally acting *in love parentis*, approved of his suit. During her late visit to England, the marriage took place.

Lola did not again encounter her *proteye*, (who accompanied her husband to a distant State, where he was detailed for public duty,) until a recent period when she met her walking down Boardway, in company with a lady of the highest *ton*. With her usual impulse, Lola rushed to her young friend—literally the child of her charity—as if to embrace her. The young lady coldly drew back and said "Madam, I do not know you!" "Not know me? I am Lola—Lola Montez." "Madam," she exclaimed as she turned coldly away, "I know you not, I never saw you before, and if you persist in speaking to me I will call a policeman," and walked away. Lola went home, "More in sorrow than in anger," and that same day had the first attack of paralysis, which, a few days ago, destroyed her. Lola Montez was *literally murdered by ingratitude!*

Thrilling Adventure.

Langley, in his "Travels in India," tells this exciting story:

When on one of his sporting excursions in Wynand, Capt. Croker was told of an enormous boa or anaconda, which had been occasionally seen, and was held in great terror by the natives, but could obtain no certain intelligence of its whereabouts. Being however, one day in pursuit of game, accompanied by a Shikaree and a very powerful and high courageed dog, the latter made a rush forward, and suddenly he heard a whimper and a choking noise. Capt. Croker at once thought that his dog was in the clutches of a cheetah, and pushed on to his assistance through the thick jungle, when he (the dog) and orange, which he whist on ogler was a tiger, but presently saw that it was a huge boa constrictor coiled up. As he approached the monster began to uncoil himself; presently its head glared, as the animal glided toward him.

Capt. Croker was a man of great nerve, and he fired both barrels at the boa's head; both balls took effect, yet, though checked for an instant, the snake came on more fiercely than before, and the Shikaree having bolted with the Captain's rifle, he also was compelled to run, and had just time to climb up a tree when his pursuer arrived at its foot. Capt. Croker lost no time in reloading, but to his dismay found that the Shikaree had carried off his balls; luckily, however, he had plenty of shot, and having reloaded saw that one of the boa's eyes were knocked out; nevertheless the animal appeared quite aware of his proximity, having seemingly followed him by the scent.

By this time the boa was twining itself round the bole of the tree in order to ascend it, when Capt. Croker fired one barrel into its remaining eye, at a distance of only about ten feet; the creature at once fell back, but again and again renewed its efforts to reach him, though without effect, and Capt. Croker continued to fire until life appeared to be extinct: though for a considerable time it continued to writhe and lash the bushes with its tail, the vast muscular power of which seemed quite astonishing.

P. T. Barnum Sold, at Last.

A public joke at P. T. Barnum's expense is not an every day luxury—P. T. B. for many years having had the laugh on the other side. But at length the Prince of Showmen has been shown a trick that he did not know before, and the hero of the occasion, as usual on such occasions, a son of the Emerald Isle.

It seems that Barnum, a few days ago, was in a great hurry to be shaved, and entered his ordinary place of tonsorial resort under the Park Hotel; but all the operatives were engaged, and one other customer—a great brawny Irishman, just landed, and with a beard and head requiring very extensive attention—stood between the exhibitor of the "What is it?" and his turn as "next." "I am in a hurry, my good man," said P. T., addressing Pat; "and if you will give me your turn I will pay for what you want done." "All right," responded the delighted Irishman; and the great showman was on his way to keep his engagment, merely saying as he left the door, to the proprietor of the saloon, "Do what this man wants," pointing to the exile of Erin, "and charge it to me."

No sooner was he gone than Patrick took off his "trusty" and a thick cotton necktie, at the same time asking the barber, "Now tell me all you do." "Why sir," responded the tonsorial operative, "we shave, cut and curl hair, shampoo and bathe." "All right, then," said Pat: "Do all of them things to me. Sorry wan of me knows what they mane, but as he said he'd pay for them, just do them all, an' God bless you!" The barber saw the joke and did as requested, putting the big Irishman through all the processes, and bringing him out so pleasantly altered that he scarcely knew himself. We leave our readers to imagine Barnum's face next morning, when the proprietor of the saloon handed him a bill—"For shaving Irishman 10 cents, cutting his hair 22 cents, curling it 25 cents, shampooing it 25 cents, and bathing Irishman 25 cents—total for Irishman $1.10." Barnum at once acknowledged the corn—gave a receipt for the maize; but he is after the Irish exile, and swears, if he catches him, that he will place him cheek by jowl between the "What is it?" and the Aztec children.—*N. Y. Times.*

When is a sick man a contradiction?—When he is an impatient patient.

The Arrival Home of the Embassy!

Ceremony in Landing the Amoassadors.

The Japanese Embassy have arrived all well. The United States steam frigate Niagara, Capt. W. W. McKean commanding, which left New York on the 30th of June, with the Japanese Embassy, arrived at this port on the 10th inst., one hundred and thirty-two days from New York, including thirty day's stoppage at the different ports on the way. She stopped two days at Puerto Grande, nine at Loando, ten at Batavia, and nine at Hong Kong, making her actual running time one hundred and two days, besides fourteen hours gained by the 214 degrees of longitude made since leaving New York.

The Niagara left Hong Kong, Oct. 30th, taking the outside passage, as it is called—that is, going to the eastward and near to the Island of Formosa.

This is one of the largest and most beautiful islands in the world. It is further north than Java, Sumatra, Cochin China, Borneo and others, which we passed in sight of our way here.

It is 250 miles long by 40 wide, and produces all the choicest fruits in the world, its principal products being camphor and indigo. It is in about the same latitude as Calcutta, with the tropic of Cancer running through its center.

The Niagara ran nearly all day in sight of it, from five to fifteen miles off. A high range of mountain runs through the middle, nearly its whole length. Mount Morrison, the highest peak is 10,800 feet high, covered with perpetual snow, whilst beneath, along the shores, the country is level, covered with impenetrable jungle, and filled with the most ferocious tigers, jackalls, boa constrictors, &c., and all kinds of poisonous serpents and insects.

The inhabitants are Chinamen, Tartars, Malays and Cannibals, and number some 1,500,000. Europeans do not settle here, from fear of being eaten up. Even missionaries cannot make headway, several having been eaten up.

Tuesday being election day in the United States, a vote among the officers was taken on board, with the following result: Bell and Everett 16, Breckenridge 14, Douglas 5, Lincoln 3. Majority as counted for Bell and Everett two; five for Breckinridge not endorsed, were not counted; those 5 would have given Breckinridge 3 majority. To-day the boatswain caught three "quails" that were blown some sixty miles from off land: they must have been driven out to sea by the smoke of Ohosima, a high mountain opposite Simoda, and at four o'clock we were between the two, proceeding toward Jeddo. From here the distance to Jeddo is sixty miles, through the most beautiful bay in the world. Going up we counted at one time 266 sail of small vessels.

We proceeded slowly along, sounding every few minutes, till the first thing we knew the ship was within her length of the shore, going right upon the rocks.

Her engines were stopped and reversed and the anchor let go, which stopped her headway; but swinging round she struck heavily on the rocks three times, with such force that chairs, tables, and other loose articles in the hospital forward, were capsized. The pumps were immediately sounded, but no water. The ship had just entered Jeddo Bay, near Gorahama, and stuck very near "Plymouth Rocks," on a ledge which has been named "Niagara Rock." In two or three seconds more she would have struck her bow upon the rocks on the shore; as it was she went half her length, the captain at the time having charge of her and standing upon the forecastle.

In the morning the bald head of Fuzi-Yama was seen in the distance, covered with snow, the grandest sight I ever beheld. It is seventy miles distant from Jeddo bay in a straight line and is 12,450 feet high, but does not appear as high as Victoria Peak, which is 1,744 feet along the base of which is the city of Hong Kong.

Fuzi-Yama is one of the sublimest sights of nature: it is regarded by the Japanese with a sort of religious awe, this being the Japanese Mecca, where thousands make pilgrimages, at all seasons of the year, to worship Buddha.

Fuzi-Yama is pyramidal in form, and appears like a large circus tent of canvass, the peak for some 5,000 feet from the top, being covered with perpetual snow, which glitters in the sunlight like the tops of the White Mountains of New Englands.

It was observed that the Japanese watched Fuzi-Yama very steadily for a long time, and their looks and silent gestures which were made were very similar to those noticed at the rising and setting of the sun.

At Kanagawa, the residence of the American Consul, E. M. Door, Esq., the Niagara stopped some two hours to communicate with the shore about sending up to Jeddo a special messenger.

Consul Dorr came on board and was saluted: several gentlemen, merchants and others came off.

Here some Japanese officials from shore, and two or three from the Candimarrah, man-of-war, came on board to see the Ambassadors about going ashore at Jeddo.

Here, too, Lieut. Guest, of the Niagara, went ashore; also five Japanese officials, accompanied by four servants, and were taken to Jeddo by express. They were carried in *norimous*, a kind of sedan chair, on the shoulders of two men, who relieved each other every quarter of a mile; they went upon a sort of half run, going about four miles an hour. Lieutenant Guest's party alone numbered sixteen; three chairs, besides his own, carrying officials, who were a sort of guard of honor.

The distance is fifteen miles; the country is described by him as the most charming of anything which he has ever seen, not excepting Calcutta or the East Indies. He says the whole distance is one magnificent garden of rice fields, grass plats, shade trees, and the camelia Japonica, such as cannot be seen in any other place in the world. It was here it originally came from, and derives its name from Japan.

The roads are macadamized, and as smooth as a floor. Mr. McAdam, who claimed to be the discoverer, and the patentee of this kind of road, were he alive and should visit this country, would find that his road was in use here twenty-five hundred years ago.

This remark is made upon a statement of our Minister, Mr. Harris, and is undoubtedly correct. All the streets of Jeddo are such as I have described in coming up from Kanagawa. These clean smooth streets are the great feature, and about the only thing to admire in Jeddo, so far as I have seen. About this I shall speak hereafter:

About half way Lieut. Guest stopped at a tea garden for refreshment, where he was waited upon by six beautiful young girls, who, when handing him his little teacups and cakes, got down upon their knees and performed the operation in true Oriental style. This and the playing with the Lieutenant's gilt buttons and sword hilt nearly deprived the Niagara of the services of her second Lieutenant.

Friday morning the Niagara came up and anchored within about six miles of Jeddo, nearly in the same place where Commodore Perry anchored after he signed the treaty, by which it was expressly stipulated on his part that he should not go to Jeddo. The Japanese officials on board entreated the Commodore not to go, of which he took no notice, till finally they told him if he went to Jeddo, they would commit *hari kari* on the deck of his ship. The reason they assigned for his not going was, that if he went they would certainly lose their lives. This stopped the Commodore, and he anchored, the nearest he ever got to the city. It was afterwards ascertained that they intended to have killed Commodore Perry and as many of his men as they could before killing themselves.

Soon after the Niagara anchored, the United States steamer Saginaw came up from Kanagawa and went some two miles nearer shore, and anchored in three fathoms of water, being about as far as Captain Schenck dared to go. During the morning all the men of the ship were engaged in hoisting out Japanese baggage, which was put into Japanese boats, and along with its owners, taken on shore. By eleven o'clock nearly all the heavy and valuable baggage was out, and all the Japanese except the Ambassadors and three of the lower officials were on shore.

When the boat, which was called the Imperial barge, but which was a poor specimen of royalty, was leaving, a minister's salute (seventeen guns) was fired; at the last gun, the sailors on the yards gave three hearty cheers, which was responded to by the Ambassadors in the boat by waving their fans three times.

[illegible] the ship offered to take them ashore in its own boats, but they declined.

An order was given when the Niagara arrived to take persons on board to and from the ship and the minister without charge. Horses, too, have been provided, and guides, to accompany them, free.

Sunday, yesterday and to-day, the men, officers, &c., from the ship, have been out riding in parties of ten to fifteen, each one wearing his uniform and a sword dangling about his legs. This practice is much disliked by our Minister, as altogether unnecessary.

None of the presents sent over by our government have been taken out of the ship, but probably may be to-morrow. Tommy, and several of those who came in her, are on board getting out the balance of their baggage. Our Minister has not yet been on board, but will be in the course of a day or two. Several officers belonging to the Prussian frigate, anchored near the Niagara, have been on board. The Prussians are here trying to get a treaty, same as the Americans.

I must here mention the friendship and cordiality which exists between the Russian and American Ministers. Count Mouravieff, the Russian Minister, tendered with all his cordial good feeling toward Mr. Harris, the use of the fifty gun frigate then lying in the harbor, offering to place her under the American flag, and to keep her as long as Mr. Harris might wish, under his sole and special control, but which Mr. Harris of course declined to accept.

I have been about the city of Jeddo, and I must say am disappointed in its appearance, but after going about more, I shall be better able to judge, and shall write you more hereafter. This afternoon at four o'clock, I intend starting for Kanagawa, with this letter, in order to send it by the U. S. Steamer Saginaw, which leaves tomorrow for Hong Kong, calling at Nagasaki on the way. She will probably arrive in time for the Mail of the 29th. I shall send also by the Niagara fuller information than by this, for much valuable intelligence connected with the Japanese embassay, will then have transpired.

Everything looks strange and different from what I have ever seen; even the dogs in the streets are different from what I have seen before; they look more like wolves than dogs. Abundance of everything is provided to eat—chicken, fish, rice, fruit, &c.,—but nothing to eat it with except chop sticks or your fingers: I use my letter folder, which I make answer all purposes.

Cart loads of nice, quilted comforters have been brought in for our beds; they are silk, many of them wadded and lined with silk, very clean neat and warm. No sheets or linen of any kind is ever used; we have to wrap ourselves up in these comforters; the same shirts; nothing white is ever worn; whenever it is, it is a white crape sort of scarf around the neck, but this only by persons of rank. Lieutenant Wise, I have just learned, will not be allowed to remain here; the government do not wish to be instructed in the science of gunnery; he will return in the Niagara.

INCIDENT AT A FIRE.—The Green Bay Advocate gives an account of the burning of a Mr. Parish's house at that place and adds:

"During the progress of the fire an incident occurred which is worth recording.—Our mailing clerk was on the roof with an axe cutting a hole to admit the water, when he suddenly stopped and asked a fireman near him what day of the month it was? Upon being informed, he remarked that just twenty-two years before, he was born in that house; which was a fact, almost to the very hour."

The Border State Proposition.

In order to give our readers full possession of all the pending propositions for compromise, we give what is called the 'Border State Proposition.'

1. Recommending the repeal of all the Personal Liberty Bills.

2. That the Fugitive Slave law be amended for the preventing of kidnapping, and so as to provide for the equalization of the Commissioners' fees, &c.

3. That the Constitution be so amended as to prohibit any interference with slavery in any of the States where it now exists.

4. That Congress shall not abolish slavery in the Southern dockyards, arsenals, &c., nor in the District of Columbia without the consent of Maryland and the consent of the inhabitants of the District, nor without compensation.

5. That Congress shall not interfere with the inter-state slave trade.

6. That there be a perpetual prohibition of the African Slave trade.

7. That the line of 36 degrees 30 minutes shall run through all the existing Territory of the U. S. that in all the Territory north of this line slavery shall be prohibited, and that south of that line neither Congress nor the territorial Legislature shall hereafter press any law abolishing, prohibiting or in any manner interfering with African Slavery; and that when any territory containing a sufficient population for one member of Congress in any area of 60,000 square miles shall apply for admission as a State, it shall be admitted, with or without Slavery, as its Constitution may determine.

Mr. Etheridge's proposition is as follows:

1. Congress shall have no right to regulate or control within the states the relations established or recognized by the law of any State respecting persons held to service or labor.

2. Congress shall have no power to interfere with or abolish slavery in navy yards, arsenals, forts or other places ceded to the United States, or the relations recognized by the laws of any state within which such places are situated respecting persons held to service or labor.

3. Congress shall have no power to interfere with or abolish the relations recognized by the laws of the District of Columbia respecting persons held to service or labor, without the consent of the States of Maryland and Virginia, and also the consent of the inhabitants of said District, and without making just compensation in the [illegible] inhibit the removal or transportation from one State to another of persons held to service or labor.

5. The emigration or importation from abroad of persons held to service or labor for life or for a term of years, or of persons intended to be so held and carried to any of the States, is perpetually prohibited, and Congress shall pass all laws necessary to make said prohibition effective.

6. No Territory beyond the present limits of the territories of the United States shall hereafter be acquired or annexed to the U. S. unless the same be done by the concurrent vote of two thirds of both Houses of Congress, or the same be acquired by treaty by a vote of two-thirds of the Senate.

ESCULAPIANISM.—The Prairie du Chien Courier affirms that the following anecdotes of a Wisconsin doctor, were recently told by a couple of the people's servants, comfortably seated by a comfortable fire, who were ocularly known to the editor of the aforementioned paper:

SHERIFF—"Well as to the code that governs the practice of physicians here-abouts, I don't claim much knowledge, but 'up north' we have doctors who employ novel remedies, and no mistake. Now there was Jake D up on the Kickapoo, he cut his foot badly, and called in Dr. So So, to staunch the bleeding. The doctor prescribed an *emetic*. Jake was vomited until he fainted, and then the blood would cease to flow—of course. After a little, Jake would revive, the blood begin to flow freely, and the "Dr." would put down another dose of emetic, and Jake would faint again. These fainting spells the doctor called "fits." Finally exhausted from loss of blood, Jake fainted for good—died. The doctor waited quite a long time, at last turned round to the dead man's friends with a startled look and exclaimed, "what a confounded *queer fit that is!*"

JUDGE—"Yes, I recollect something about that—the whole affair came up before the Grand Jury. He is the same man that Dr. What-do you-call him asked in to advise with. It seems that Dr. W. had a very sick child under his care afflicted with some chronic disease, and hearing that 'Dr.' So-so *would cure anything* he called him in for counsel. S. came stumping into the house, immediately enquiring in his gruff voice, "what's the matter with the child!" Dr. W. began to state his reasons for calling in aid, saying the case was a difficult one, and that he was not thoroughly posted in the knowledge of anatomy——

"Oh," interrupted Dr. S. "the child has got the Anatomy, has it? *Why, I can cure that in two hours.*"

It is said that the Emperior Napaleon has given his sanction to the project of building a railway between Calais and Dover. This undertaking, probably the most stupendous in the history of the world, contemplates the tunneling of the British channel between the points above named—a distance of nineteen miles. It is intended we believe, to build a number of stations, or islands, along the route. The bed of the channel along the proposed route has been ascertained to be of solid rock, which will render the proposed tunnel, when completed, impervious to water. Contractors are busy preparing their estimates of the probable expenses.

A State Temperance Convention is to be held at Janesville, the 13th inst. The friends of Temperance hope to make it the most important Temperance Convention ever held in the State.

DISTINGUISHED SELF-MADE MEN.—One of the best editors the Westminister Review could ever boast of, and one of the most brilliant writers of the passing hour, was an Aberdeen Cooper. One of the editors of the London Daily Journal was an Elgin baker; perhaps one of the best reporters of the London Times was an Edinburgh weaver; the editor of the Witness was a stone mason. One of the ablest ministers in London was a Dundee blacksmith, and another was a Banff watchmaker. The late Dr. Milne, of China, was a Rhine herd boy. The principal of the London Missionary society's College, at Hong Kong was a Huntley saddler; and one of the best missionaries that ever went to India was a Keith tailor. The leading machinist on the London and Birmingham Railroad was a Glasgow mechanic, and perhaps the very richest iron founder in England was a Moray workingman. Sir James Clark, Her Majesty's physician, was a Banff druggist. Joseph Hume was a sailor first and then a laborer at a morter and pestle, in Montrose. These men, however, spent their leisure hours in acquiring useful knowledge.

"NOT SATISFIED."—The Grant County Herald isn't a very great admirer of Judge Howe. Among the many "salty" things it says of him, we cull the following:

Judge Howe will probably conceal his Federal notions and appear to be one of our anti-Federal lights in the counsels of the country. It commonly happens that those most suspected of truancy and treacolency make some pretense towards ultraism; but he will play the Federalist, which is the side of Judicial tyranny, till the end of life. Should he ever aspire to the bench of our Federal courts, he will add his mite towards crushing the powers of State courts and augmenting the powers of the Federal courts, according to the designs of his ancient sires. We look upon his election as a conspiracy to destroy State governments and centralize all into one stupendous whole, having a judicial center around which shall revolve the galaxy of small things.

What Not.

What fish do fowlers prefer?—The perch.

What fish is seasonable in winter?—A good skate.

What vessel does a kiss remind you of?—A smack.

What interjection is of the feminine gender on board a ship?—A leck.

Can you spell brandy with three letters in French?—O. D. V.

If parents are shameless, the conduct of their children will generally be shameful.

Words are but poor fig leaves to cover the nakedness of deeds.

The least praiseworthy are generally the most covetuous of praise.

Ladies, please be sweet, but don't be too formal. Be roses, but don't be *prim* roses.

"I'm having a change of 'air," as Mr. Jenkins, the city broker, said, when he put on a new wig.

A man may generally expect a domestic "breeze" when his wife begins to put on "airs."

He who is a tiger in his own family is generally a sheep in society.

If a man is dissipated, his fortune will probably soon be so too.

If falshood paralyzed the tongue, what a death-like silence would pervade society.

Husbands and letter paper should always be well ruled.

Did you ever know a woman who would not think you intelligent, if you said her children were pretty?

Why is the letter G like an individual who has left an evening party?—Because it makes one gone.

When is the letter L like a piece of unparalleled generosity?—When it enables a lady to make over a lover.

Why is a selfish friend like the letter P? Because, though the first in pity, he is the last in help.

The wise carry their knowledge as they do their watches—not for display, but for their own use.

If a man could be conscious of all that is said in his absence, he would probably be a modest man indeed.

A wise man may be pinched by poverty, but only a fool will let himself be pinched by tight shoes.

We suppose there is quite as large an amount of craft upon the land as there is upon the water.

A wag being asked the name of the inventor of butter stamps, replied that it was probably Cadmus, as he first brought letters into Greece.

Abstemiousness and frugality are the best bankers: they show a handsome interest, and never dishonor a draft drawn on them by their humblest customers.

If you wish to learn all your defects, quarrel with your best friend, and you will be surprised to find what a villain you are even in the estimation of a friend.

The man that was stuck up with pride has been taken down, and hangs at present, on his own hook. In case the hook should give way, let him lie upon his own liabilities, until he is prepared to sleep on a clear conscience.

A facetious boy asked one of his playmates how a hardware dealer differed from a boot-maker. The latter, somewhat puzzled, gave it up. "Why," said the other, "because the one sold the nails, and the other nailed the soles."

The people of a western town took a thief out the other night to tar and feather him, but could not find their tar-bucket. They failed in their enterprise, just as a vocalist fails in singing—because they could n't get the pitch.

"Well Em., this is a queer world," said Ed. to his wife; a sect of women philosophers has just sprung up." "Indeed," said Em., "and what do they hold?" "The strangest thing in nature," said he—"their tongues!"

Appleton Crescent.

CITY OF APPLETON.

Saturday, - - - - - - February 16, 1861.

The Die is Cast!

Legally, the American Union stands firm as a rock; practically, the "United States of America" no longer exist. Even now, a convention of many States is in session to form a Southern Independent Confederacy; and, already a nation within a nation claims recognition of the Powers of the World.

The Southern Confederacy is organized under a Provisional Government, with JEFFERSON DAVIS of Mississippi as President and ALEX. H. STEPHENS of Georgia as Vice President. The latter opposed Secession and Disunion until Georgia officially pronounced therefor; then, as a son of Georgia, he deemed it his duty to cast in his lot and fortunes with his native State. Undoubtedly he was chosen to propitiate the Conservatives of the South.

Take it as we will, the fact is patent to all that we are on the eve of great and unparalleled events, such as may shake the whole civilized world, and finally launch us into either a military, guerrilla, or a limited monarchical form of government, and that perchance after a long and devastating war between the same people and kindred.

The "Peace Convention," we fear will prove a total failure. Neither have we much hope that Lincoln and his constitutional advisers are possessed of that degree of moderation, firmness and self-sacrificing patriotism, just now so indispensable to restore peace, establish beyond dispute the rights of property, diffuse good will among men of all States and sections of our common country. The pride of opinion, and the galling slavery of partisanship, will, we fear, prevent President LINCOLN from taking the position which right and justice demands at his hands. And even if he should take a noble statesmanlike position in favor of "the Union, the Constitution, and the Enforcement of the Laws," we entertain no hopes that a majority of his party, made up as it is to such an extent of radical, unbalanced, agrarian minds, would support him for a single month even with the temptations and patronage of place to strengthen him among the corrupt and venal place hunters who will gather around him.

The die is cast! With the failure of the "Peace Congress," we abandon all hope for the preservation of the American Union either in its letter or spirit, as it was established by the sages and patriots of the Revolution.

Thank heaven! We can take to ourselves no part of the curse of the Almighty which will probably descend upon those who labor to destroy the best and freest government human wisdom has ever devised.

We understand that the Attorney General decides that the practice which has prevailed in this and other Counties, of the County Treasurer charging five per cent fees upon the Delinquent Returns made to his office, in addition to the five per cent in the returns, is without authority of law. Also—that the five per cent collector's fees in the Delinquent Returns belongs to the Co. Treasurer, and that the law requiring him to pay them over to the towns is null and void.

With all due respect to such high legal authority, we cannot say that we concur in the decision. We cannot believe that the law directing the payment of the Delinquent Collector's Fees to the towns is unconstitutional. The Legislature is certainly competent to direct its appropriation to any legal purpose. If we are correct in this view of the subject, and the Attorney General is correct as to the balance of his position, then the County Treasurer receives no compensation for collecting. How can this be? Sec. 75, Chap. 133, R. S., is as plain as plain English can make it:

"When a fee is allowed to one officer, the same fee shall be allowed to other officers for the performance of the same services, when such officers are by law authorized to perform such services."

The town treasurer gets five per cent for collecting. Isn't it plain that the County Treasurer is entitled to as much?

Another thing: if the Attorney General is correct in regarding the law as void which obliges the County Treasurer to pay over the Delinquent five per cent collector's fees to towns, why don't he call the attention of the Legislature thereto, recommend its repeal, and the distinct enactment that the County Treasurer is to have said fee? As he is the legal adviser of the State, he should always advise the Legislature as to what laws are in his opinion null and void.

Under the present position of affairs, the County Treasuryship will not be as desirable a post as City Treasurer.

Post Office Caucus.

The present week has been an exciting one among our Republican friends. They are to have a Caucus this (Saturday) evening, to decide between the various aspirants for the Post Office, and it is hardly necessary to state that the friends of the candidates have been very active in drumming up their forces for the onset. It is impossible to tell who will succeed. The following is a list of the candidates. We place them in what we are told by sagacious Republicans is the order of their chances for the popular vote:

JOHN F. JOHNSTON, J. E. HARRIMAN, J. M. STEBBINS, J. M. PHINNEY and T. G. REED.

Of course we have nothing to say more than that we hope an efficient and accommodating business man will succeed, since they are determined to displace the best Postmaster Appleton has ever had.

The Judiciary Committee of the State Senate has been unanimously instructed to revise the law commonly known as the personal liberty law as to make it conform to the U. S. Constitution, if in any thing it is found to conflict with that instrument.

Correspondence.

Appleton, February 13th.

GENTS:—I observed a communication in your last paper, signed "Speaker-Out," in answer to one some weeks before signed "Looker-On," in favor of supporting Home Institutions.

Mr. "Speaker Out" says "few men in town have been abroad less than he to make purchases"—acknowledges the corn, is annoyed, and speaks out in justification.

He says "the boasting advertisements of "enormous stocks," "bought for cash," "a strictly cash business," "cheaper than the cheapest," sounds very empty to a man who has tested the capacity of a five dollar bill in other places." I do not, on inspection, find these great boastings. I think a few years since we had a notice of Mammoth stocks, &c., and don't know whether they were disposed of at mammoth or reduced prices or whether they found a market. "Speaker Out" says "the fact is, there is not in Appleton a respectable stock of dry goods, or fancy goods; there are small assortments of the more common and cheap goods, but no large stocks, and no nice goods." Now I am not prepared to say that our vicinity would give support to a $70, or $500 shawl establishment, or $3 or $4 silks and satins. I have heard of merchants here keeping $20 shawls over to the second year, and then selling them at cost. I think there are but few here who go into the fancies sufficiently to support such an establishment; and I think it a mark of wisdom in these hard times to study economy, live within our means, buy only what we can pay for, and set an example worthy of imitation to those who may not have as much means as ourselves.

As to "large stocks and nice goods," I thought the most of our stores were well filled in the fall, and with the exception of silks and satins and high priced trimmings, might compare for variety and richness with Oshkosh and Neenah. "Speaker-Out" says, "compare our prices with the above places and you will see what drives away all the business." I have yet to learn that business to any great amount is driven away from any cause; for I perceive that our merchants have replenished two or three times in the course of the winter and some may have small stocks now, in some departments, I can't but see the evidence of prosperity providing they have received payments for what they have disposed of. I gave it as my opinion before, that there was not enough saved to pay for going to Oshkosh to make purchases, even if they sold some cheaper, if time and expense were taken into account; and I think so still, notwithstanding all that Speaker-Out has said on the subject. If he is able to span the time and travel Scott free, every man can't.

I think I can put Mr. Speaker-Out, if he is any more effectually and he pushes himself into business by advertising that he will make purchases three days in each week for all that desire, and that he will only charge half the amount saved to each.

Speaker-Out says "good tea can be bo't at Oshkosh for fifty cents." Well, cheap tea can be bought here at fifty cents, but good tea is quoted at 55@60 cents in New York by the chest; and Speaker-Out probably has but little knowledge of mercantile business, is no judge of tea, and never noticed a price current. I will find no fault with our Merchants if they will sell good tea at seventy-five cents as I am aware that freight bills, exchange, fuel and lights, clerk hire, rents, paper and twine, to say nothing about enormous taxes, must reduce the profits much. I think Speaker-Out should improve the opportunity, (if his statement is true in regard to small stocks) and invest fifteen or twenty thousand dollars, bring on the goods, and then come out with mammoth stock, "bought for cash." none cheaper at Oshkosh.

If he made nothing, he would have the credit of bringing back trade and introducing strange faces, and have tested an experiment that none dared to undertake before him—save a branch store from Fond du Lac last winter, which is now reaping the bitter fruit of underselling every body else. Mr. Speaker-Out alluded to this store as an example of success to his theory. That stock was sold at a loss of from three hundred to five hundred dollars, as per statement of agent himself. Though sold ostensibly at cost, the expenses out left the above loss.

Mr. Speaker-Out says "the most of the trade at Oshkosh is done by strangers." This verifies my former assertion that they bait others from abroad and loose the custom of their own citizens, who are baited somewhere else. Mr. Speaker-Out must reiterate the second time that "the trade has been driven out by poor goods and high prices." Two or three years ago we had two or three other stores here. What they may have done towards driving away business, I can't tell; but those that remain, if I am competent to judge, are doing a good business. Now, Mr. *Crescent*, in my first communication I meant to offend no one. I merely reported a few cases, I called no names, but it seems wounded birds will flutter, and several of whom I had no knowledge of, think the hit was for them.

I consider every man has the right and privilege of making his purchases where he choses, and that he has a right to buy as cheap as he can, and if he gets bit occasionally by buying cheap goods, it is his loss and not mine. I was aiming more at the policy than the privilege. We have now some vacant stores which I should like to see well filled with heavy stocks, fine goods, choice goods, so that Speaker-Out should not have it to say that necessity drove business from the county.

Then vacant stores could have been rented at low rents, but landlords are no greater sticklers for reduced rents than our merchants for reduced prices. If "Mr. Speaker-Out" will use his influence in knocking out the underpinning of our landlords on rent, I will use mine to get the merchants down to a living rate of profit, and then it shall not have been in vain that we have put forth an effort to see the hum of business in our own channels.

I don't wish it understood that I am a stickler for high prices, and I hope that "Speaker-Out's" hint will have a tendency to check the evil if it exists. Nor do I ask our merchants to sell at ruinous profits and become bankrupts. "Live and let live" should be every man's motto, and then there would be a tide of prosperity to all who labored and economized. I still insist that no man can do a crediting business and sell as cheap as for the ready cash. In the one case there would be no loss of bad debts and the money would be turned over two or three times before it could be collected in the other. I am of the opinion that a merchant who does a cash and crediting business is justified in selling at a less profit for cash and at a discount from his marked prices; for cash will always command interest.

I will notice one admission of Speaker-Out's and close. "There are small assortments of the more common or cheap goods, but no large stocks." Before I visited Appleton, I understood they had large stocks here, and since I came here it has become so proverbial that I have often thought of a store down east which was noted as having every thing, and one man laid a wager with another that he could inquire for no one article that he wanted but he would find them. The wager being taken they repaired to the store and the customer asks if he has a second hand steeple of a meeting-house to sell him; the answer was, "yes—I bought a meeting house last week for a public house, and the steeple is for sale. So the wager was given up and the steeple bought and I think Speak Out will find pretty much such a store here if his vision is right.

LOOKER ON.

To the Editor of the Appleton Crescent.

Dear Sir: A communication from Mr. Aug. Ledyard Smith, who signs himself "Land Agent," (I suppose of the Fox and Wisconsin Co.,) proclaims that the lands restored to market in the Government Land Office, were rejected by the Company, leading the public to believe that they were refuse or worthless. Why? Because the great monopolizing company had a large quantity of lands throughout the State advertised for sale, in the Milwaukee newspaper, and, understanding from the office at Menasha that these lands were mostly occupied by actual settlers, the company would have to sell them at $1 25 per acre to those settlers, according to the Act of Congress. Whereas I have also learned that about one-half of these lands have been already purchased—some at $1 25 per acre, some by land warrants and some, under the Graduation Act. These actual settlers have to be taxed this year. How about taxing the great monopolizing Company? If Mr. Smith, Land Agent, desires to know the history of the land grabs of Wisconsin, including the F. & W. Improvement Co, the School land, the Railroad and Swamp land grabs, with the corruption, fraud, rascality, villainy and monopoly practiced, it shall be forthcoming. As "honest old Abe" will soon be at the helm, and the Homestead bill may pass, you had better dispose of your lands before they are reduced in value to ¼ your present prices.

PUT THAT IN YOUR PIPE AND SMOKE IT.

Judge Cotton is supported for re-election by the *Motor*, the Republican organ of this County.

More and More.—Upon the heels of the defalcations of Republican State Treasurers in Ohio, Maine, Vermont and Michigan, we hear that the Clerk of the Board of Winnebago County, Wis., is locked up in Jail on charges of embezzlement and forgery. No wonder the Southrons seek to escape from such associations.

☞ The Madison Journal, (of which Harrison Reed is one of the proprietors), says the paper on which we print looks like a conglomeration of Melatto and Indian.

Ah, indeed! Wonder why it is that the Indian has to appear so often in the Journal. Can it be that same old ghost of *Menomonee Beef?*

A GOOD FREIGHT BUSINESS.—There was sent forward by the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, from Chicago, during the week ending the 2d, 6087 brls flour, 7290 bushels wheat, 690 bushels corn, 21,987 lbs grass seed, 227 brls pork, 1,242,860 lbs bacon and cured meats, 450,881 lbs lard, 413, live hogs, 1142 dressed hogs, 243 cattle, 16 horses, 48,879 lbs hides, 8500 lbs wool, 250 bushels beans, 22,500 feet lumber, 572,000 shingles, 256 brls highwines, 7948 lbs broom corn, 17,918 lbs lead, and 187,227 lbs maize.—*Mil. Post.*

The Pittsburg, F. W., and Chicago R. R. is the natural eastern outlet for our own Chicago & N. W. R. R. It is in all respects one of the best managed Railroads in the United States.

The donation party on Thursday evening for the benefit of Rev. W. Griffis, passed off very pleasantly. The supper was excellent, and reflects much credit upon those enterprising ladies who prepared it. We learn that about $60 was taken in.—*Pioneer, Oconto.*

TOM SAYERS AMONG US.—A dispatch dated Halifax, 19th, says:

"The name of Sellen appears in the Canada's list, but is misspelled, it is said to be Tom Sayers, the great English pugilist."

Peru is coming into the world as a cotton grower. Fifteen hundred bales of cotton have just been sent across the Isthmus, most of it to Europe.

Thomas Hood died composing—and that too, a humorous poem. He is said to have remarked that he was dying out of charity to the undertaker who wished to *"urn a lively Hood!"*

The Circuit Judgeship.

For Circuit Judge,

S. R. COTTON.

From the Bay City Press.

Reform and Retrenchment, is the word now a days, therefore, it behooves us all to look well to our interests, and guard against unnecessary expenses. This being readily admitted by all reasonable men, we would suggest to the voters in this Judicial District, to look well to the coming election of Judge for the District. Now let us see what are the expenses of the Circuit Court per day:

18 Grand Jurors at $1 50 each, is	$27 00
24 Petit Jurors " " "	36 00
Clerk	3 00
Sheriff, Under Sheff. and three deputies at $1 50 each	7 50
Fuel and lights	1 00
	$74 50

And at each term of our Circuit Court, more or less talismen are summoned, and for each, the Sheriff receives 38 cents, the talismen 25 cts. for each cause they try. The fees for witnesses are 75 cts per day, and there is scarcely a term that less than a dozen are summoned by the State. In many criminal causes, the Jury are not allowed by law to separate, and when such an one is on trial, the County is compelled to pay their board as well as that of the officer having them in charge, in addition to these per diem, while in session; the average expense per day, is about one hundred dollars, and this all comes out of the county. Therefore, voters, you can readily see the advantage of electing a well qualified man to this important office.

It universally acknowledged, that there has never been a person occupying the position of Circuit Judge of this district, who has been better posted upon points of law, and who has been better qualified to readily meet all technicalities of points of law raised by lawyers, and who is at all times ready to meet all points and presentations with an off hand manner that keeps the wheels moving without detention, whereby from one to two days are gained at each term of the court—say one day at each term—and there are three terms in Winnebago county, three in Outagamie, three in Brown, two in Door, two in Oconto, and two in Shawano, making fifteen regular terms—would be twelve days saved at $100 per day—at least, would be $1,200.

To all those who are interested, and have had an opportunity to become acquainted with the present incumbent, S. R. Cotton, Esq., and knowing him to be a man possessing the above qualifications, we would recommend his re election.

MANY TAX PAYERS.

For Circuit Judge,

E. HOLMES ELLIS.

To E. H. Ellis, Esq.:

We, the undersigned, electors of the Tenth Judicial Circuit of this State, without distinction of party, having full confidence in your learning and ability as a lawyer, and your uprightness and integrity as a man, and believing you to be eminently qualified for the position of Judge, respectfully ask that you consent to become a candidate for the office of Judge of said Court, at the election in April next; and in the event of your acceptance or consent to run, the undersigned will earnestly recommend you to the confidence and support of the voters of the Circuit:

January 1st, 1861.

[illegible] Randall Wilcox,

Green Bay, Jan. 26th, 1861.

GENTLEMEN: Your communication requesting me to consent to become a candidate for the office of Judge of the Tenth Judicial Circuit, has been received and considered.

Fully appreciating this mark of your confidence, I accept the call. If elected, it will be my studious endeavor to discharge the duties of the office faithfully, impartially, and to the best of my ability.

Respectfully yours,

E. H. ELLIS.

To Messrs. H. S. BAIRD, D. Agry, Randall Wilcox, and others.

E. H. Ellis, for Circuit Judge.

The Bay City Press thus speaks of Mr. ELLIS. We have known him from infancy and can endorse every word in his favor:

"To-day we insert the call call for E. H. Ellis, with notice of his acceptance. It will thus be seen who are the men among whom the people of this circuit, will probably choose their next Judge. There has not been a name mentioned yet, we believe, otherwise than respectable; and some possessing qualities which abundantly fit them to adorn the bench; of Mr. Ellis, we need scarcely say a word. He is known to the people of the whole district, as an honorable, high minded man, of unquestioned purity of character—possessing great energy and industry, and abilities which have already won for him a front rank in the profession."

Mr. Lincoln Leaves Springfield—His Speech at Parting.

Springfield, Feb. 11.

Mr. Lincoln left here at 7:30 a. m. He was accompanied by a large concourse to the depot where nearly one thousand citizens had already collected. After he had shaken hands with a number of friends, he took his stand upon a platform and spoke as follows:

"My friends: No one not in my position can appreciate the sadness I feel at this parting. To the people I owe all that I am. Here I have lived more than a quarter of a century. Here my children were born, and here one of them lies buried. I know not how soon I shall see you again. A duty devolves upon me which is, perhaps, greater than any which has upon any other man since the days of Washington. He never would have succeeded except for the aid of Divine Providence, upon which he at all times relied. I feel that I cannot succeed without the same divine aid which sustained him; and in the same Almighty Being I place my reliance for support. I hope you, my friends, will all pray that I may recieve that Divine assistance, without which I cannot succeed, and with which success is certain.

Again I bid you an affectionate farewell." [Loud applause, and cries of "We will pray for you."]

During the speech Mr. Lincoln displayed much emotion, and the crowd was affected to tears.

The train left at half past eight.

Mrs. Lincoln remains in Springfield until next week, and will meet Mr. Lincoln in New York.

Despatches from Decatur and other points report the party progressing finely.

Mr. Lincoln spoke briefly to the large crowds that gathered at depots on the route.

Some uneasiness prevails at Washington in relation to the safety of the public stores. On the 4th a large quantity of arms and ammunitions were carried into the Department of the Interior for the purpose of defending that building against any attack.

From the *Reporter* we learn that the diptheria has made its appearance in some portions of Fond du Luc county.

Telegraphic.

Washington, Feb. 9.

The President has approved and signed the 25,000,000 dollar loan bill, which passed both Houses originally, repealed back amendments providing that the revenue from the loan authorized by act of June 1860, or so much as may be deemed necessary, shall be applied to the redemption of Treasury notes issued under act of last December and for no other purpose; the Secretary is authorized to exchange at par the bonds of the United States for said treasury notes at legal interest, and shall not be obliged to accept the most favorable bids as provided for, unless he shall consider it advantageous to the United States, and any portion of said loan not taken under first advertisement, he may again advertise according to his discretion.

Washington, Feb. 10.

Gen. Scott has ordered all the forces of the District to be in readiness to perform duty on the 12th inst., (Tuesday), previous to the counting of the electoral vote in the House.

No difficulty is anticipated, however. Ex-Gov. Floyd will be here next Monday, to submit himself to the criminal laws of this District. He pronounces all charges frivolous and malicious, and instigated by Ex-Secretary Thompson, aided by the Administration.

The Tennessee members are in receipt of despatches to-day, showing the result of the election in that State yesterday.

The Union men have carried everything before them by overwhelming majorities.

Washington, Feb. 11.

A proposition is likely to be soon offered in the Compromise Convention, under favorable auspices, proposing an accommodation on the basis of a National Convention for the consideration of amendments to the Constitution; to be called by the States on the recommendation of Congress.

Jefferson Davis telegraphed here to-day advising against any attack on Fort Sumpter.

The Peace Conference Committee will probably report on Tuesday.

Various plans are under consideration, but the indications are that the Border State resolution will meet with the most favor, and the general impression is that the Conference will adopt some such plan including the Territories by the line of 36, 30: North of which slavery will be prohibited; South of it to be determined by the people, without Congressional or other legislative interference.

New York, Feb. 8.

A dispatch from Washington says it is rumored that Senators Johnson and Wigfall are arranging preliminaries for a duel, also that several leading secessionists are meditating a demonstration upon the Tehuantepec transit route, upon which Senator Benjamin and others claim to have the lien under certain pretended grants.

Savannah, Feb. 9.

Gov. Brown seized five vessels yesterday owned in New York. Viz: the Briggs R. W. Kibble and Golden Lead, Barks D Calden, Murry and Adjuster, and the schooner Julia A. Hallock.

Montgomery, Ala., Feb. 9.

Jefferson Davis, of Mississippi, was unanimously elected President of the Confederated States of North America, to-day, and Alexander H. Stephens was unanimously elected Vice President.

Memphis, Feb. 9.

The Little Rock Arsenal, containing 9,000 stand of arms, a large amount of ammunition and forty cannon, including Capt. Bragg's battery, was surrendered to the Texans by one hundred volunteers.

Proceedings of the Common Council.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,

Saturday, Feb. 9th, 1861—7 p. m.

Council met pursuant to Charter. Present his Hon., Mayor Bateman, Ald Ming, Jewett, Elliott, Steffen and Kittredge.

The following accts were presented and referred to com on finance:

No 271, 2d ward fund, L Lashway	$8 75
272, " " Ryan & Co	22 84
273, 3d " " J G Brown	2 50
274, genl fund Ryan & Co	12 09
275, " " " "	33 19
276, poor fund R S Bateman	1 00
277, " " H L Blood	5 00
278, " " Phinney Bros	2 50

The com on finance reported back the following accts and recommended to allow as charged:

No 262, 2d ward fund, J Tibbits	$2 50
263, " " L Lashway	20 00
264, genl fund R Z Mason	26 75
266, poor fund C G Adkins	2 25
267, poor fund C G Adkins	5 00
269, " " C G Adkins	1 50
270, " " Ann Collin	6 00
270, road fund Geo M Smith	5 25

And the report was adopted.

On motion to appropriate the several sums the yeas and nays were called with the following result: Ming, Jewett, Elliott, Steffen and Kittredge, 5, voted aye—in the neg none.

Com on finance reported back acct

No 265, genl fund Jackson Tibbits	$3 00

On motion to allow the acct as chd and appropriate, the yeas and nays were called with the following result: Ming, Jewett, Elliott, Steffen and Kittredge, 5, voted aye—in the neg none.

Com on finance reported back the following accts and recommend to allow as follows:

No 271, 2d ward fund L Lashway	$8 75
272, " " Ryan & Co	22 84
273, 3d " " J G Brown	2 50
274, genl fund Ryan & Co	9 50
275, " " " "	33 19
276, poor fund R S Bateman	1 00
277, " " H L Blood	5 00
277, " " Phinney Bros	2 50

And the report was adopted.

On motion to appropriate the several sums, the yeas and nays were called with the following result: Ming, Jewett, Elliott, Steffen and Kittedge, 5, voted—aye in the neg none.

Com on streets reported back the petition of P White in relation to personal property tax, and the same was referred to com of the whole.

It was moved and seconded to lay the same on the table, pending the motion, it was moved and carried that the prayer of the petitioner be denied.

Com on finance reported back the petition of M H Lyon and others in relation to railroad.

On motion the petition was rejected.

On motion the Clerk was instructed to notify the City Attorney that if John Dillon has complied with the requirements of the fire warden to stay proceedings in said case.

It was moved to adjourn. Motion lost.

It was moved and seconded to proceed to canvass the votes cast at the special election in the third ward Dec. 17th, 1860.

Mayor decided motion out of order, time having expired according to law.

Ald Jewett appealed from the decision of the mayor, and the decision of the chair was overruled.

It was then moved to adjourn. Motion lost.

Ald Jewett called for the previous question. Mayor decided the question out of order. Jewett then appealed from the decision of the chair. Mayor refused to put the question.

Motion to adjourn and motion lost.

At this stage of the proceedings it was discovered that there had been obstructions placed in the channel leading from the Council Chamber to College Avenue; whereupon Ald Ming, gallantly came forward, and offered that with the consent of the mayor he would engage to remove said obstructions, free of expense to the general government. The mayor insisted on adjournment under the circumstances.

Ald Jewett notified the Council that hostilities would be suspended until said obstructions were removed, as he did not propose to have any undue advantage taken of his opponents. After a short season spent by the board paying some very hearty compliments to each other, the said obstructions were removed, either by the South Carolinians or spirits from below, by whom the board was unable to determine. Whereupon proceedings commenced by a motion to adjourn, which was lost.

Whereupon Ald. Kittredge withdrew from the Council.

Ald Jewett then gave notice that he should call up the matter in hand at the next regular meeting, and should continue to so from time until the subject was finally disposed of.

The Council on motion then adjourned.

J. S. BUCK, City Clerk.

There are now twelve vacant seats in the Senate of the United States—seats made vacant by the retirement of the Senators from the seceding States of South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi Florida and Louisiana.

Colonel Lander, just returned from California, states that in his surveys across the Rocky Mountains, he saw millions of tons of wild flax and hemp, that could be used for manufacturing puposes. The Indians use it extensively.

The Cleveland Plaindealer, comparing the staple powers of the North and South, says: "Cotton is a convenience, to be sure, but corn is a necessity. A man can live without a shirt, but what can he do without whiskey?"

(Special Notice.)

☞ A CARD.—The undersigned has but just returned home, and has not even an opportunity to answer the false and malicious charges put forth by Wm. S. Warner, who is seeking to distinguish himself by maligning others for the seeming purpose of obtaining a Justiceship at the ensuing April election. Not a solitary statement in his whole philippic is founded in fact. A demand was made on me, to which I responded by paying over about $800, and the balance was only left until my successor and myself could compare books and vouchers. Unavoidable absence, either on his or my part, has delayed this settlement. I ask a suspension of public opinion until I can get time to expose the misrepresentations and falsehoods of one who has evidently shown by his bills to the County Board that he has no hesitation in seeking to acquire the money of the public in violation of law.

J. F. JOUNSTON.

Appleton, Feb. 14, 1861.

Services at the Catholic Church.

In common with every Citizen of this noble country we cannot but grieve at those and dissensions, which threaten to bring strife and anarchy, where lately everything was peace and prosperity. The change has been so sudden, and was so sudden, and was so little anticipated, the evils threatened are so dreadful, all remedy from human wisdom or statesmanship is so apparently hopeless that we are obliged to acknowledge that it is the hand of God that is upon us. It is not difficult for Christians to understand the cause. Our country was too prosperous and men forgot God and became proud. Now God is about to visit us in his justice, as he did Tyre and Sidon. He is about to humble us and make us recognize His supreme authority and our dependence upon him. We are no longer to seem to be an exception to the law of expiation, which is upon the whole human race. It is our duty therefore, as Christians and as citizens of the country, to humble ourselves before Him and to all that is in our power to turn away His judgments from us.

Next Tuesday, the 19th inst, at 10 o'clock, a. m. there will be a solemn Mass for the peace and well-being of our beloved country.

"Call upon me in the day of trouble and I will deliver thee, and thou shalt glorify me."

To whom it may concern.

Parce! O, parce lingua.

For those who speak with little thought,
Some faint excuse may still be brought,
But those who rest not night or day
From gathering yarns, to weave away
In vilest garb, the high respect
Of those who never once suspect
The fiends, who, dressed in fine arrays,
Work their ruin in slanderous ways,
And often forge what lies it needs
To consummate their fiendish deeds,
May look in vain for just excuse
To authorize such vile abuse.
Who knows a being on this earth
Of high, or low, or meanest birth,
So abject, so debased and vile,
As one who thrusts, in constant guile,
A dagger-tongue at just esteem,
And smiles to see the fading beam.
But such there are we know too well,
And some, I fear, among us dwell;
On Sundays sit in choir and pews,
On other days retail the "news";
Take everything they hear as true
Against those who sit not in their pew.
Their christian sense so very fine,
On naught but character they dine,
Well carved to suit their slanderous eye—
They love it best when most they lie.
Watch every fault of antient youth,
Proclaim it in distorted truth;
Make small departure from virtue right,
A crime most foul in other's sight;
Use character as though its worth
Were but the vilest thing of earth,
And thus delighting to defame,
They leave no virtue in the name
They've tracked so close through every ill,
With so foul breath they mar it still.
When such have passed with fleeting time
To realms beyond this mundane clime,
What lie their tongues shall find to tell,
I know not—but in shades of hell,
(Where conscience holds such awful spells
As earth knows not through all her dells,)
They repent in solemn chime
The tales they wove on shores of time,
With interludes of repentant sighs,
Which fill the vault, and rend the skies.

If such would mind their own affairs—
Attending more to family cares—
They'd serve their maker just as well,
And pass no doubts the shades of hell.

OUTSIDER.

Married,

In this city on the 29th ult., by the Rev. M. HIMEBAUGH, Mr A. BULL, of Depere, and Miss C. A. DAVIS of Appleton, Wis.

Special Notices.

To Consumptives.

The Advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,

27v8y. Williamsburgh, Kings County, New York.

The Scandinavian Pills and Purifier.

Cincinnati, July 1, 1856.

Dr. C. W. Rohack—Dear sir: In reply to inquiries made of me, it gives me pleasure to say, that Mrs. M. Attee, of the Society of Friends, expressed her confidence in the efficacy of your Scandinavian Remedies, and the benefit she derived from using them. She had been suffering from general prostration at times, being over seventy-six years of age, and ophthalmia and inflammation of the face. Various remedies were resorted to without relief, when some friends recommended your Scandinavian Blood Purifier and Blood Pills. They had the desired effect, and she was considered as restored to health.

I know many who have used your medicines, and speak decidedly of the benefit derived. They have my cordial approbation. Very respectfully,

S. J. BROWN.

Rev. Samuel J Brown has been a laborer in the cause of Christianity in Cincinnati.

Diseases of the Liver.

You may always know when your liver is out of order, or when you are bilious, by any of the following symptoms: Pain in the side and back, dizziness, dull headache, a bad taste in the mouth in the morning, sallow-colored complexion, yellowish tint in the eyes, costiveness, or diarrhoea of slimy dark color, low spirit and dismal forebodings. It is acknowledged by all physicians and others who have seen their action, that Judson's Mountain Herb Pills are a perfect cure for all bilious affections. So pleasantly do they search out and drive away the seeds of disease, that all persons living in a country where Fever and Ague, and all other bilious diseases are prevalent, will find they should never be without them.

Judson's Mountain Herb Pills are sold by all dealers in Medicine.

Though it may seem strange to those who have not seen it, yet there is no doubt of the fact, that Fox's Wood's Hair Restorative will change gray hair to its original color, and cause it to grow on heads that are bald, and by a few applications keep it from falling off. There was a time when persons who had lost their hair were compelled to wear wigs or go bald, but since the advent of Prof. Wood's Tonic, there is no longer any necessity of wigs or gray hairs.

CAUTION.—Beware of worthless imitations, as several are already in the market, called by different names. Use none unless the words (Professor Wood's Hair Restorative, Depot St. Louis, Mo., and New York), are blown in the bottle. Sold by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Dealers, also by all Fancy and Toilet Goods Dealers in the United States and Canada.

Richmond, Mellenry Co., Ill., 1858.

Dr. S. T. W. SANFORD: Dear sir: I am here on my mission ground, and feel myself under great obligation to your medicine for bringing me here, fitted for active service. I have used it myself and given it to my family, and have found it to be all that it is recommended to be—a specific for Headache, Dyspepsia, and Jaundice. I have used four bottles, and used it all; but am afraid if I have to do so, I shall be obliged to test its efficacy in Fever and Ague.

Respectfully yours, &c REV. L. R. LOCKWOOD

List of Letters

Remaining in the Post Office at Appleton, February 16th, 1861.

Abbott Margret Miss	Ander on M K Mrs
Adams E R	Applet n J
Brothers F	Bilby W H 2
Brown J B	Bliss L P
Brown S R	2 Brady Christopher
	Brewer A
Coouse Cornelius	Clay J P
Crostwait John	Cromwell A P 2
Curdy T	Cusw rd R P
Dyer A R	Degan Patrick
Dexter M	Doherty Al
Duets Henry	Dougre Monsieur
	Deacer W
	Ellen Miss
Freeman K M	2 Fields J H
Fisher G	Fitzgerald E
Gurney S	Gonley Mack
Hughes K A	Hunter R
Hersey James	Herrick John J
Hichcock Mary Ann	Hannan B G 2
Howard Jay	Halsted C
Hilman Henry	Hastings Mary
	G J Hardy
	Jacobushunen M 2
Krabe Mr	Klueep John
	Koma Joseph
Ladd J W	Little Emmett A
	Letcher J W
Moore J N	Murray & Co
Manning E T	McClelland R
Miller G	Meleeth Belle Miss
Nicholas Lewis	Nines R
	Osgood Orson
Parker S	2 Pinkey Mr
Rustor Anthony	Rhedenmacher Peter
Remington Lucy	Reduel Ann
Stephens N	2 Seelling A
Sauellier A	Utts L
	Vanclette E 2
Wells & French Messrs	Wood A A Mrs
	Wyman Seth
Yumes Mr	H K Mr

Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say "*Advertised.*"

JOHN ELLIOTT, P. M.

Boarding.

I have fitted up the building on the corner of Morrison and Lawrence Sts., (formerly occupied by Rev. F. D. Roe), and am now prepared to favor any who wish with

GOOD BOARD,

at terms most reasonable. The situation is central, contiguous to business and to Lawrence University. 40m3 CORNELIUS DUNHAM

SCHOOL BOOKS!

School Books!

School Books!

All Kinds at SMITH'S BOOKSTORE.

WINDOW SHADES. A great variety of styles—Cloth and Paper; plain, painted and printed; with bands, tassels, and Fixtures to match, for sale cheap at SMITH'S BOOKSTORE.

New Advertisement.

GEORGE M. SMITH,

DEALER IN

Books, Stationery, Wall and Curtain Paper,

Fancy Goods, Toys, Gilt Moulding, Perfumery, &c.

COLLEGE AVENUE, APPLETON

"Sign of the Big Book!"

Would ask attention to his present stock of goods, which consists in part as follows:

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

A good supply—new works added as soon as issued.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

All kinds used in this vicinity.

☞ *All Text Books supplied to Students at Lawrence University, on the most favorable terms.* ☜

ELEGANT GIFT BOOKS,

Bibles, all styles binding, Juvenile, and Toy books. Rewards, &c., suitable for Gifts to School Children.

STATIONERY,

A full and choice assortment constantly on hand.

WALL PAPER,

☞ *A Larger Stock, Better Styles, and Lower Prices than can be found elsewhere in this part of the State* ☜

CURTAINS AND FIXTURES.

GILT AND ROSEWOOD MOULDING.

Frames made to order with neatness and dispatch. Ladies' Baskets, Work Bags, Port Monaies, Purses, Follos, Card Cases, Tablets, Jewellry, Perfumes, &c., &c. Please come in and we will show you what we have failed to enumerate above.

Visitors from the surrounding towns are respectfully invited to call.

Appleton Bookstore, July 28th, 1860. GEO. M. SMITH.

Correspondence.

For the Appleton Crescent.

SIR—Being on a shopping tour with my wife, I called into P. WHITE'S STORE after having been in several others, and here I found most everything I wanted, and many things a little cheaper than at any other place, and I thought I would get you to tell my neighbors what I saw there, as people must look into the Crescent if they want to be posted:

Jack-Knives and Scissors, Tobacco and Screws,
Dried Apples, and Currants, and Raisins too;
Fine and coarse Salt in barrels and sacks,
Gimblets and Cork-Screws, Hammers and Tacks;
Hay-Knives and Crow-Bars that never were broke,
With plenty of Sugar, Molasses and Soap;
Fine Combs and coarse; Drag-Teeth and Saws,
Gloves and Lamp Oil, Boots and Shoes;
Crackers and Codfish, Glass, Nails and Herring,
Sheeting and Shirting, Soap-Shovels and Benine;
Pepper and Tea, Coffee, Ginger and Oats,
200 Accounts and as many old Notes;
Here's Wadding and Butter, Hats, Cotton & Caps,
Lard, Flannel, and Allspice, besides Cotton Batts;
Pins, Needles and Rice, Pies, Nutmegs and Flour,
Walk in, if you buy no cheaper elsewhere;
Dress Goods & Prints, Stockings, Laces & Spades,
And here is the place if you've cash for to trade

Appleton

Our Woodland Home.

We just your Home Paper is in Every family in Outagamie County.

I. O. O. F.

Wonnemie Lodge, No. 47, hold their regular meetings at "Odd Fellow's Hall," on every Monday evening. Members of the "Fraternity" from abroad cordially invited to come in, and with us

"Taste Communion sweet,
Their hours employ."

W. C. COOK, N. G. E. ROSENKRANS, V. G.
JOHN ENNIS, R. S.

I. O. G. T.

Forest Lodge, No. 130, hold their regular meetings at Odd Fellow's Hall, every Tuesday evening at 7 o'clock. Strangers, members of the Order, are respectfully invited to attend. (18

JEROME A. WATROUS, W. C. T.
PARK B. ELLIOTT, W. R. S.

See Sanfords Liver Invigorator, in another part of this paper.

See Miller's Hair Invigorator, in another part of this paper. 10y

Post Offices in Outagamie Co.

A CORRECT LIST.

Appleton,	Little Chute,
Freedom,	Medina,
Greenville,	Shiocton,
Hortonville,	Spidersville,
Kaukauna,	Stephensville,
Lansing,	Sugar Bush,
Wakefield.	

☞ The communication of "W," will appear in our next

☞ Wednesday last was the first day of Lent.

☞ For a rich local item, see proceedings of Common Council, in to-day's issue.

☞ Assemblyman Everts made a flying visit home the early part of this week. He is looking very well. Outagamie has a good representative in him.

☞ A pleasant party was that at Adkin's Hall, last Monday evening. It was gotten up by the Irish of our place. The last dance before Lent.

☞ The students are returning in considerable numbers. The attendance the present term will we think be as full as usual.

☞ J. C. SMITH called us into his Meat Market a few days since and showed us a spring's pig which weighed just 425 pounds. Can that be beaten in Wisconsin?

☞ Contractors now have an opportunity to pitch in for building the new Jail. The plans if carried out in detail will give us one of the best and safest calabooses in Wisconsin.

☞ The City Superintendent has appointed J. W. HUTCHINSON, Esq., Director of School District No. 2, in place of T. M. MCCAUGHEY, removed from the city.

☞ Would it not be well for our City Marshal to bring out the old musket and send some thirty or forty of the getting-to-be bold canines, howling to their never ending resting place!

☞ The Catholic church at Little Chute is now to be supplied with a pastor in the person of Rev. Mr. SPERRINGS, who hitherto has been stationed at "Francisco Bush," in Brown Co.

☞ Among the best boarding houses in the city, is the Institution Boarding house. Being near the College, students will easily see the advantage of boarding at this house, especially during the winter and spring term.

☞ Rev F. B. DOE, of the Congregational Society of this city, received a pastoral visit from his congregation last Thursday evening, leaving substantial tokens of their esteem. The night was unfortunately a stormy and disagreeable one.

☞ The road on the eastern shore of Lake Winnebago is excellent and has been since sleighing commenced. We believe the County Board of Calumet has appropriated an amount sufficient, if properly disposed of, to render the road good in all seasons of the year. How is it, you of the *Times?*

☞ A petition was presented to the Common Council at their last meeting, on the 9th inst., asking them to make a certain appropriation from the city funds for a R. R. Celebration, which after an examination of the city charter, they could find no authority therein, giving them any such power, and therefore were compelled to act adversely to the petition.

☞ Shoveling snow from the Railroad Track was an amusement entered into by a party of enthusiastic Appletonians on Tuesday last. Our People are determined to hurry the Locomotive into Appleton. The Cars will reach the City before another issue of the *Crescent*. Rejoice! Rejoice! The year 1861 opens promisingly for our beautiful City.

☞ There seems to be an "irrepressible" difference of opinion in relation to the subject of Home Interests, between "Looker-On" and "Speaker-Out." The rejoinder of the latter individual, published in our last issue, calls out "Looker-On," in our to-day's columns. The public generally is interested in these questions, and we don't think they will suffer any, however much the subject is agitated.

☞ What is to be done by the citizens of Appleton towards celebrating Washington's Birthday? Is there not patriotism sufficient to express itself in some public manifestation? As yet nothing has been done, and the time intervening between this and the 22d is so brief as to hardly warrant preparation for any respectable demonstration.

☞ We learn incidently that the Green Bay & Buffalo route is to be supplied by four Propellors. It is altogether likely that the old str. Michigan will be also placed on the same route. We also hear that it is designed to run passenger boats between this place and Oconto, in connection with the cars here. The New York Central Co., has leased the Warehouse and dock of Hatheway and Penn, at the Bay, and intend carrying on the transportation business extensively. More anon.

County Agricultural Society.

Let it be borne in mind that the Outagamie County Agricultural Society will hold an adjourned meeting on the 22d inst. at the Court House. Every farmer in the County should be present as it is probable that the time and place of holding the next County Fair, and the Premium List for 1861, will be fixed upon at that time.

☞ Thousands of bushels of wheat have been brought from Calumet county to Appleton, Neenah and Menasha since December.

☞ Another Snow Storm on St. Valentine's Day. It was quite acceptable inasmuch as the "February Thaw" had swept away most of the snow.

RIGHT PLACE.—We have heard it stated that "the right man in the right place, is a husband at home in the evening." The same might be said of the boys of this city who are in the habit of raising "Cain" nearly every night until a late hour. Their right place is at home after dark.

EXEMPTION OF PRINTING OFFICES.—Hon. L. F. FRISBY has introduced a bill into the Legislature of this State, to exempt from attachment or sale $1,200 worth of printing material. It is a sound move, and one that will do justice to those who, more than all others, are laboring for the welfare of Wisconsin.

☞ Our Member, Hon. A. B. Everts, has been in town for a days or two, seeking a brief repose from the cares and toils of legislation, upon the bosom of his constituency.—*Motor.*

What an absurdity! The idea of "Our Member" seeking repose upon any bosom is libellous.

☞ RAILROAD FREIGHTING.—A greater amount of freight is sent forward on the Chicago & N. W. R. R. from the Neenah Station, (Neenah and Appleton), than from the city of Oshkosh. And this is but the commencement of the River Valley business. When the road is in good running order to Appleton, the Manufacturing interest of Neenah, Menasha and Appleton, the Manufacturing interest of Neenah, Menasha and Appleton will furnish more Railroad freight than the large cities of Oshkosh, Fond du Lac and Watertown; and in five years Appleton and Neenah will each have a larger population and greater amount of business than any of the cities alluded to.

A CRITIC CRITICISED.—A correspondent of the *Motor* takes us to task for not giving the official statistics of the Congregational Church of this city. (Our readers will remember we published sketches of our city churches some time since, giving the approximate figures). But the critic is further out of the way than the *Crescent*. The first statement is untrue, "minutes" or no minutes! The Congregational Church was *not* organized in 1850; indeed, it has never had a legal organization. A Presbyterian Church *was* organized at the time spoken of, and by some kind of transforming power to us unknown was afterwards subverted by what is known as the Congregational Church. Some old resident could doubtless explain the matter if called upon to do so..

☞ We are in receipt of a copy of the annual Catalogue of Lawrence University, neatly printed at the Job office of Burdick & Co., Milwaukee. It is quite voluminous, some 52 pages, containing a fine lithographic view of the University buildings, the corporation or officers of the Institution, Faculties in each department, together with all the information requisite to enable a perfect stranger to the Institution wishing to enter and familiarize themselves with its detailed duties, to do so in every particular, by an examination of its pages. The department of Mathematics occupies some ten pages, embracing in detail its different classifications, from the primary arithmetical to a thorough complete finished course of engineering. A complete list of Text Books in use in the College are given. The College Library contains now over 5000 vols., of well selected works, which is continually being added to from the interest of $10,000 yearly expended in that way. The Cabinet contains a valuable collection of minerals and specimens illustrative of the Geology, Natural History, and Botany of the Northwest. Preparations are in progress for making large additions to the Cabinet of Natural History.

The number of students in attendance the past year was 277. Ladies 105, Gentlemen 172.

It is now conceded by all that Lawrence University ranks first in the State. It is now about out of pecuniary difficulties, and its future is bright. We wish it abundant success.

Tinkham & Co.'s Bank Note Reporter, Extra.

☞ DANGEROUS COUNTERFEITS!—CANADAGARIE BANK, N. Y.,—BANK OF THE STATE OF INDIANA,—BANK OF AMSTERDAM, N. Y.—A handsome and well executed altered bill has just made its appearance, purporting to be on the above Banks. Quite a large number of them have been passed in this city, and they will, no doubt, soon make their appearance in the country—if not on these banks they will be altered to some others.

5s, red tinted. On the lower right end is a scene of farmers loading hay on an ox-wagon, on upper left end cattle, drovers driving cattle into a stream, 5 below. They are entirely unlike the genuine bills. Look out for them.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11, 1861.

MONETARY—LOOK OUT!—We learn that notes are circulating purporting to be issued by the following Banks. There are no such institutions in existence:

Southern Bank of Akron, Mich.
Bank of Corydon, Ind.
Bank of Pittsburg, Iowa.
State Bank, Mt. Vernon, Ind.
Farmers' & Merchants' Bank, Iowa.—*Hodge's (N. Y.) Journal of Finance, Feb. 2.*

Webster's Pictorial Dictionary THE POST OFFICE.

☞ GODEY for March is already received. It contains a whole sheet of Spring Dresses and Spring Bonnets. This large sheet of Spring fashions is entirely additional, and an excess of so many engravings over the usual variety. This number surpasses even the January number. L. A. Godey, Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ OUTAGAMIE COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—A meeting of the Outagamie County Agricultural Society will be held at the Court House on the 22d of February, instant, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to provide a list of premiums for the ensuing season, and to transact such other necessary and important business as may come before the meeting.

By order of the Society.

JOHN STEPHENS, Secretary.

HOME JOURNAL FOR 1861.

New Series—New Features—New Type.

MORRIS & WILLIS, EDITORS.

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1861.

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The New York Mercury

For the New Year.

In accordance with a time-honored custom, the publishers of the NEW YORK MERCURY, the largest two-dollar literary weekly in the world, make the opening of a New Year the occasion for issuing a comprehensive prospective prospectus bulletin. Although the patriarch of the weekly press (being now in its twenty-third year) THE NEW YORK MERCURY teems with the fire and vigor of youth, as well as with the wisdom and dignity of mature years. Presenting as it does, the creme de la creme of literature—enriched with the entrancing master-pieces of the greatest romances in the world—glittering with the brilliant wit and humor of the sharpest pens of the time—abundantly garnished with the rarest gems of native poesy—overflowing with "thoughts that breathe and words that burn" from the great writers of its immense contributorial corps, and honored all over the country for its perfect freedom from anything calculated to wound or repulse the most sensitive moralist or class of people—it has been for years the luxury, the teacher, the monitor, and the welcome guest of hundreds of thousands of American homes.

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And that there is no disease of the stomach and bowels, the liver, the Nervous System, the Skin, Glands or Muscles,

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In unchecked DIARRHŒA, even when advanced to DYSENTERY, confirmed, emaciating, and apparently malignant, the effects have been equally decisive and astonishing.

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BOOK,
CAP,
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Manilla and Wrapping Paper.

IS READY to fill all orders, at the lowest living rates for cash or approved paper. Every variety of

Plain and Ruled Letter,

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Furnished to Order.

RAGS.

The Highest Market Price

Paid for Rags,

In Exchange for Paper.

Appleton, June 5, 1859. 6y

SEVEN YEARS!

The seven years of unrivalled success attending the

"Cosmopolitan Art Association,"

have made it a household word throughout every quarter of the country.

Under the auspices of this popular institution, over three hundred thousand homes have learned to appreciate—by beautiful works of art in their walls and choice literature on their tables, the great benefits derived from becoming a subscriber. Subscriptions are now being received in a ratio unparalleled with that of any previous year.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Any person can become a member by subscribing *three dollars*, for which they will receive

1st.—The large and superb steel engraving, 30x38 inches, entitled,

"Falstaff Mustering his Recruits."

2d.—One copy, one year of that elegantly illustrated magazine,

"The Cosmopolitan Art Journal,"

3d.—Four admissions, during the season, to

The Gallery of Paintings, 548 Broadway,

in addition to the above benefits, there will be given to subscribers, as gratuitous premiums, over

Five Hundred Beautiful Works of Art!

comprising valuable paintings, marbles, parians, ontlinos, &c., forming a truly national benefit.

THE SUPERB ENGRAVING, which every subscriber will receive, entitled, "*Falstaff Mustering his Recruits*," is one of the most beautiful and popular engravings ever issued in this country. It is done on steel, in *fine line and stipple*, and is printed on heavy plate paper, 30 x 38 inches, making a most choice ornament, suitable for the walls of either the library, parlor or office. Its subject is the celebrated scene of Sir John Falstaff receiving in Justice Shallow's office, the recruits which have been gandered for his ragged regiment. It could not be furnished by the trade for less than five dollars.

The Art Journal is too well known to the whole country to need commendation. It is a magnificently illustrated magazine of Art, containing Essays, Stories, Poems, Gossip, &c., by the very best writers in America.

The Engraving is sent to any part of the country by mail, with safety, being packed in cylinder, postage prepaid.

Subscriptions will be received until the evening of the 31st of January, 1861, at which time the books will close and the premiums be given to subscribers.

No person is restricted to a single subscription.—Those remitting $15, are entitled to five memberships and to one extra engraving for their trouble.

Subscriptions from California, the Canadas and all Foreign Countries, must be $3 50 instead of $3,00, in order to defray extra postage, etc.

For further particulars send for a copy of the elegantly illustrated ART JOURNAL, pronounced the *handsomest magazine in America*. It contains a catalogue of Premiums and numerous engravings.—Regular price, 50 cents per number. Specimen copies, however, will be sent to those wishing to subscribe, on receipt of 12 cents, in stamps or coin.

Address, C. L. DERBY, Actuary, C. A. A.,
546 Broadway, New York.

☞ Subscriptions received and forwarded by *J. N. HARRIMAN*, Agent for Outagamie Co. and vicinity, where specimen Engravings and Art Journal can be seen. [30tteng&c

☞ Distribution has been postponed until the 18th of April next

COUNTY, CITY, and TOWN ORDERS for sale by
Appleton, January 19th, 1860. P. WHITE.

$1. ONE DOLLAR $1.

—OR THE—

WEEKLY WISCONSIN.

The subscriber in order to place the Weekly Wisconsin within the reach of every person in the North West, will send it to any address one year on receipt of $1, post-paid.

☞ Any person sending us $10 will receive eleven copies for one year.

The Wisconsin is one of the largest family papers in the State, is independent in politics, has the fullest and most reliable telegraphic reports, and contains each week a Review of the Domestic and Foreign markets.

☞ The Daily Wisconsin is mailed every afternoon at 4 o'clock, at $6 per year, in advance; Tri-Weekly every other day at $3 per year in advance.

WM. E. CRAMER, Publisher,
Jan. 1, 1861. n31 Milwaukee.

DEEDS and MORTGAGES,
On hand at the Crescent Office

WE OFFER TO THE TRADE!

500 Bbls. 96 per cent. Alcohol,
250 " Improved Burning Fluid,
500 " Fresh Camphene,
6000 Gallons Bleached Winter Polar Oil, in bbls and casks,
4000 " Bleached Elephant Oil, in bbls and casks.

50 Packages Castor Oil, East India.
100 Bbls Winter Lard Oil,
75 " Superior Elephant Oil,
100 " Extra Machinery Oil,
5 Casks Olive Oil,
50 Bbls Tanners Oil.

100 Packages Furniture Varnish, in kegs, half bbls and bbls.
75 " Coach body Varnish,
50 " Imperial Coach Varnish,
200 " Japan, Damar and Flowing Varnishes, all in kegs, half bbls and bbls.

In Store and for sale by
BOSWORTH & SONS,
Wholesale Druggists, Milwaukee.

Appleton City Mills.

F. & C. PFENNIG,

ARE prepared to do all kinds of Gristing and Custom Work on the most reasonable terms. They have the best

FLOURING MILLS

at Appleton, and always pay the highest market price for Wheat.

Farmers

Are invited to visit these Mills, and satisfaction will be given. [23y]
Appleton, September, 1859.

Guardian Sale.

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY COURT—IN PROBATE.

BY VIRTUE of an order of license made in the matter aforesaid, I shall on the 4th day of March, 1860, at the Court House in Appleton, at 2 o'clock, p. m., sell at public auction the highest bidder, the following described tract of land in Outagamie Co. Lots 6 & 7, being the west ½ of n w ¼ of sec 16 town 22 range 18 80 acres. Being school land certificates nos 61 and 62. Ten per cent of the purchase money, (excusive of the amount due the State) will be required at the time of sale. Not less than one fourth of such purchase money on assignment and delivery of the certificates, not more than three years time on the balance.

February 6th, 1861. 43w4
FREDERICK PACKARD, Atty. BLUFORD TROTTER, Guardian.

Webster's Pictorial Dictionary THE POST OFFICE.

Miscellaneous.

THE AMALGAMATION OF LANGUAGES.—There is a growing tendency in this age to appropriate the most expressive words of other languages, and after a while to incorporate them into our own; thus the word Cephalic, which is from the Greek, signifying "for the head," is now becoming popularized in connection with Mr. Spalding's great Headache remedy, but it will soon be used in a more general way, and the word Cephalic will become as common as Electrotype and many others whose distinction as foreign words has been worn away by common usage, until they seem native and to the manor born."

'ardly Realized.

H I had 'n 'orrible 'eadache this afternoon, hand I stepped into the hapothecaries hand says hi to the man, "Can you hease me of an 'eadache?" "Does it hache 'ard," says 'e. "Hexceedingly," says hi, hand upon that 'e gave me a Cephalic Pill, hand 'pon my 'onor it cured me so quick that I 'ardly realized I had an 'eadache.

☞ HEADACHE is the favorite sign by which nature makes known any deviation whatever from the natural state of the brain, and viewed in this light it may be looked on as a safeguard intended to give notice of disease which might otherwise escape attention, till too late to be remedied; and its indications should never be neglected. Headaches may be classified under two names, viz: Symptomatic and Idiopathic. Symptomatic Headache is exceedingly common and is the precursor of a great variety of diseases among which are Apoplexy, Gout, Rheumatism and all febrile diseases. In its nervous form it is sympathetic of disease of the stomach, constituting *sick headache*, of hepatic disease constituting *bilious headache*, of worms, constipation and other disorders of the bowels, as well as renal and uterine affections. Diseases of the heart are very frequently attended with Headache: Anæmia and plethora are also affections which frequently occasion headache. Idiopathic headache is also very common, being usually distinguished by the name of nervous headache, sometimes coming on suddenly in a state of apparently sound health and prostrating at once the mental and physical energies, and in other instances it comes on slowly, heralded by depression of spirits or acerbity of temper. In most instances the pain is in the front of the head, over one or both eyes, and sometimes; vomiting vomiting; under this class may also be named *Neuralgia*.

For the treatment of either class of headache the Cephalic Pills have been found a sure and safe remedy, relieving the most acute pains in a few minutes, and by its subtile power eradicating the diseases of which Headache is the unerring index.

BRIDGET.—Missus wants you to send her a box of Cephalic Glue, no, a bottle of Prepared Pills,—but I'm thinking that's not just it neither; but perhaps ye'll be either knowing what it is. Ye see she's nigh dead and gone with the sick headache, and wants some more of that same as relieved her before.

Druggist.—You must mean Spalding's Cephalic Pills.

Bridget.—Och! sure now and you're red it, he's the quarther and giv me the Pills and don't be all day about it either.

Constipation or Costiveness.

No one of the many ills flesh is heir to" is so prevalent, so little understood, and so much neglected, as costiveness. Often originating in carelessness or sedentary habits, it is regarded as a slight disorder of too little consequence to excite anxiety, while in reality it is the precursor and companion of many of the most fatal and dangerous diseases, and unless early eradicated it will bring the sufferer to an untimely grave. Among the lighter evils of which costiveness is the usual attendant, are Headache, Colic, Rheumatism, Foul Breath, Piles and others of like nature, while a long train of frightful diseases such as Malignant Fevers, Abscesses, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Dyspepsia, Apoplexy, Epilepsy, Paralysis, Hysteria, Hypochondriasis, Melancholy and Insanity, find a ready prey to the system by this alarming symptom. Not unfrequently the diseases named originate in Constipation, but take on an independent existence unless the cause is eradicated, in an early stage. From all these considerations it follows that the disorder should receive immediate attention whenever it occurs, and no person should neglect to get a box of Cephalic Pills on the first appearance of the complaint, as their timely use will expel the insidious approaches of disease and destroy this dangerous foe to human life.

A Real Blessing.

Physician.—Well, Mrs. Jones, how is that headache?

Mrs Jones.—Gone! Doctor, all gone! the pill you sent me cured it in just twenty minutes, and I wish you would send more so that I can have them handy.

Physician.—You can get them at any Druggists.—Call for Cephalic Pills, I find they never fail, and I recommend them in all cases of headache.

Mrs. Jones.—I shall send for a box directly, and shall tell all my suffering friends, for they are a real blessing.

☞ OVER EXCITEMENT, and the mental care and anxiety incident to close attention to business or study, are among the numerous causes of Nervous Headache. The disordered state of mind and body incident to this distressing complaint is a fatal blow to all energy and ambition. Sufferers by this disorder can always obtain speedy relief from these distressing attacks by using one of the Cephalic Pills whenever the symptoms appear. It quiets the overtasked brain, and soothes the strained and jarring nerves, and relaxes the tension of the stomach which always accompanies and aggravates the disordered condition of the brain.

FACT WORTH KNOWING—Spalding's Cephalic Pills are a certain cure for Sick Headache, bilious headache, nervous headache, costiveness and general debility.

GREAT DISCOVERY.—Among the most important of all the great medical discoveries of this age may be considered the system of vaccination for protection from Small Pox, the Cephalic Pill for the relief of Headache, and the use of Quinine for the prevention of Fevers, either of which is a sure specific, whose benefits will be experienced by suffering humanity long after their discoverers are forgotten.

☞ DID you ever have the sick headache? Do you remember the throbbing temples, the fevered brow the loathing and disgust at the sight of food. How totally unfit you were for pleasure, conversation or study. One of the Cephalic Pills would have relieved you from all the suffering which you then experienced. For this and other purposes you should always have a box of them on hand to use at occasion require.

Cephalic Pills
CURE
Sick Headache,
CURE
Nervous Headache
CURE
All kinds of
Headache.

By the use of these Pills the periodic attacks of *Nervous or Sick Headache* may be prevented; and if taken at the commencement of an attack immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained.

They seldom fail in removing the *Nausea* and *Headache* to which females are so subject.

They act gently upon the bowels,—removing *Costiveness*.

For Literary men, Students, Delicate Females, and all persons of sedentary habits, they are valuable as a laxative, improving the appetite, giving tone and vigor to the digestive organs and restoring the natural elasticity and strength of the whole system.

The CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of long investigation and carefully conducted experiments, having been in use many years, during which time they have prevented and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffering from Headache, whether originating in the nervous system or from a deranged state of the stomach.

They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and may be taken at all times with perfect safety without making any change of diet, *and the absence of any disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer them to children.*

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS:

The genuine have five signatures of Henry C. Spalding on each box.

Sold by druggists and all other dealers in medicines.

A box will be sent by mail on receipt of the

PRICE 25 CENTS.

All orders should be addressed to

HENRY C. SPALDING,
48 Cedar Street, New York.

Miscellaneous.

Chicago and North-Western Railway.

—:o:—

FOR CHICAGO DIRECT,

CONNECTING WITH ALL EASTERN ROADS!

TRAINS LEAVE OSHKOSH DAILY.

Through to Chicago Without Change of Cars!

Day Express leave Oshkosh at	9.45	A. M
" Arrive at Minn. Junction at	12 00	Noon
" " Watertown	1 00	P. M
" " Fort Atkinson	1 55	P. M
" " Milton Junction	2 30	P. M
Connects with trains on Mil. & Miss. R R for Whitewater, Madison and Prairie du Chien. Janesville	2 50	P. M
" " Clinton Junction	3 25	P. M
Connects with trains on Racine & Miss. R R for Beloit, Freeport, Galena, Dunleith. Hanard Junction	4 00	P. M
Connects with trains for Rockford Arrives at Chicago	8 45	P. M

Passengers destined for points East, by this direct line, avoid the changes, delays and dangers of Lake navigation, and the fair is always

AS LOW AS BY ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Through Ticket to all Eastern southern and Western Cities can be purchased at the Ticket office at the Depot in Oshkosh.

Express Freight trains leave daily.

E. DEWITT ROBINSON, T. F. STRONG, Ass't Sup't.
Gen'l Ticket Ag't, Chicago. Fond du Lac.
1y8 GEO. L. DUNLAP, Sup't, Chicago.

1860. 1860.

Forwarding House:

STEBBINS & BUCK,

Appleton, - - - Wisconsin.

With largely increased accommodations for storage at the old stand, we shall be found during the season of navigation ready at all times to transact promptly all business in our line entrusted to us.

We are bound to merit the confidence and favor of an appreciative business community.

With many thanks to old customers, we respectfully solicit a continuance of their patronage.

To the public generally we would say, give us a trial.

On hand and for sale, STUCCO, WATER LIME, SALT, FISH, &c., &c. [v7n48

J. M. STEBBINS. J. S. BUCK.

FIRE AND INLAND INSURANCE AGENCY—ÆTNA.

Capital paid up	$1 000,000
Actual Surplus	894,100 02
Assets	2,191,100 02

METROPOLITAN:

Cash Capital	$300,000
Actual Surplus	82,680
Assets	382,668

SECURITY MARINE:

The only strictly Inland Insurance Company in the City. Regular Tariff rates charged and twenty per cent of premium refunded the assured in case there is no loss in the office.

INLAND RISKS

taken in the ÆTNA, and a handsome percentage of the premium returned to the assured on the safe arrival of the cargo insured.

The above Companies are safe and solid beyond a parallel.

AUG. LEDYARD SMITH,
Crescent Block. v8n3 Agent

☞ To Persons out of Employment ☜

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IN EVERY COUNTY IN THE UNITED STATES,

To engage in the sale of some of the best and most elegantly Illustrated Works published.

Our publications are of the most interesting character, adapted to the wants of the Farmer, Mechanic and Merchant; they are published in the best style and bound in the most substantial manner, and are worthy a place in the Library of every Household in the land.

☞ To men of enterprise and industrious habits, this business offers an opportunity for profitable employment seldom to be met with.

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These Works include the most *saleable books published, and Agents now in our employ are making from $50 to $100 per month.*

We give our Agents the EXCLUSIVE CONTROL of any ground they may agree to canvass. For full particulars and Catalogues of books, address

J. W. BRADLEY, Publisher,
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FAMILY QUARTO BIBLES,

in a new and beautiful style of binding, gotten up expressly for Agents and Canvassers (35m3

OUR MUSICAL FRIEND.

The best and Cheapest Work of the kind in the World!!

Twelve full-sized pages of Vocal and Piano Forte MUSIC FOR FIFTEEN CENTS.

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PORTER'S SPIRIT OF THE TIMES.

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Published every Saturday, contains the latest reliable news of the week, interesting sporting correspondence from all parts of the world, including a weekly report of the New York Cattle, Horse and produce Markets. Devoted especially to the true field sports, Aquatics, Yachting, Cricket, Base Ball, and Chess. Literature and the stage.

To yearly subscribers	$3.00
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Dealing in a staple article, will furnish employment to a few active men, to act as Agents for their House. A preference will be given to those

Well Acquainted,

in the district for which the apply. For which service the are willing to pay a salary of from

600 to 800 Dollars

per year, and expenses. For further particulars address W. B. MOREHOUSE, & Co.,
34w8) 3 and 5 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J.

1860. 1860.

NEW STOCK OF BOOTS & SHOES,

—AT THE—

Badger Boot and Shoe Shop

of

E. R. FRANKLIN,

No. 4,

POST OFFICE BLOCK,

Appleton.

An extensive Assortment of
Ladies' Gaiters, Shoes, Slips, Bootees &c.
Gentlemen's Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c.
Boys and Gir's Boots Shoes, &c.

Just received and afforded at cheaper rates than at any other establishment in the city.

ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED

and all work very low for cash. "Forget it not; forget it not."

Appleton, July 1860. E. R. FRANKLIN.

GILT MOULDINGS.

For Picture Frames, &c. Just received, a large supply of the most elegant styles ever brought to Appleton, from five cents to three shillings per foot. Especial attention is solicited to several *new styles*, both of Rosewood and Gilt, also to a few oval frames for Photographs &c. Frames made to order in the most workmanlike manner, at prices which cannot fail to be satisfactory. Call at

SMITH'S BOOKSTORE.

Family Market.

No. 5 Commercial Block, Appleton.

J. C. SMITH,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INform the people of this city and Outagamie County that he is now prepared to furnish them with all kinds of

Fresh, Salt, Smoked and Dried Meats,

of the very best quality, and at cheaper rates than can be afforded by any other Market in the city.

FAMILY GROCERIES:

Of the above, I also keep constantly on hand a large and fresh supply of *the very best*, for the accomodation of my customers. Cheap for Cash!

☞ The highest market price paid for Fat Cattle, Stock, Game, Poultry, &c., &c. v8n18.

Real Estate.

ANSON BALLARD,

General Land and Loan Agent,

APPLETON, WIS.

—B—

LOTS IN THE CITY OF APPLETON

—A—

For Residences, Business Purposes,

OR

Water Power,

—L—

For Sale Cheap. Title undisputed; terms of payment easy, especially to those who will improve the premises purchased. Also,

—L—

One Store and Lot,

And Several Houses and Lots,

In Most Desirable Locations.

—A—

ALSO, SEVERAL IMPROVED FARMS IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD OF APPLETON.

Also, Several Out Lots, containing from one to five acres each, some of which

Command a View of Fox River.

—R—

10,000 ACRES OF CHOICE FARMING LANDS in Outagamie County, for sale at low prices and on easy terms of payment to

Actual Settlers.

—D—

TOWN OF CENTER.

Townships 22 and 23, Range 17

3,000 Acres at $2 to $4 per acre.

FREEDOM.

Township 22, Range 18.

1,000 Acres at $2.50 to $4,00 per acre.

OSBORN.

Townships 23 and 21, Range 18.

2,000 Acres at $2.50 per acre.

NEW LONDON.

Any number of lots in this village.

FARMS.

Desirable farms in every town in the County. For further particulars inquire of

Anson Ballard.

at the Bank building Appleton, April, 1860. (8 4

CIRCUIT COURT and JUSTICE'S Blanks at the Crescent Office.

FREDERICK PACKARD,

General Land and Loan Agent!

HAS FOR SALE THE FOLLOWING

Valuable Lands and Lots:

GRAND CHUTE.

Description.	Sec.	Town.	Rng.	Acs.
West 50 acres of s w N	6	21	17	40.
N W ¼	29	21	17	160.
s w ¼	"	"	"	"
lots 1 2 3 5 Bemis' subdivision	19	21	18	

And Much Other Land.

BUCHANAN.

Lots 1 2 3 4	29	21	18	541.26

Besides lands in Town 21 Range 19, near the river.

FREEDOM.

About 1000 acres at from $4 to $6 per acre.

CENTER

About 1000 acres at low prices and on easy terms. Among which are the following:

N W ¼	22	22	17	160.
N E ¼	19	22	17	160.

And much School and University land as, well as Swamp lands. From three to five dollars per acre.

BLACK CREEK.

On the new road to Shawano, and in the most promising part of the County, near BINGHAM'S MILL, and THE NEW CITY.

OVER THREE THOUSAND ACRES

Of excellent land, including much School and University Land, all of which is for sale on easy terms and at prices varying from $2 to $5 per acre.

OSBORN.

About 1200 acres at two to four dollars per acre.

N E ¼	31	23	18	160.
Lots 1 and 3 and n w ¼ ne ¼	20	20	22	18

LIBERTY.

N W ¼	5	22	15	160.
120 acres in	13	22	15	
280 "	9	22	15	

besides south School and University Land in this town and in EMBARRASS.

ALSO THE FOLLOWING:

N E ¼	30	21	15
E ½ n e ¼	22	21	16
S ½ n e ¼	27	22	16
N W ¼	6	21	16
N E ¼ s w ¼	36	22	15
S E ¼ s e ¼	29	22	15
N ½ n w ¼	23	22	16

Also innumerable lots in the city of Appleton, in each of the three Wards, some of which have

Valuable Improvements.

Also numerous lots and blocks in New London.

Inquire of Frederick Packard.
v8n6 Register of Deeds' Office, Appleton, Wis.

Wanted!

At The

Appleton Barrel Factory,

4,000 CORDS STAVE TIMBER,

Also.

300 M. BLACK ASH HOOPS.

which we will pay the CASH
v9tf DUNN & BREWSTER.

W. S. WARNER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

—AND—

General Land and Insurance

AGENT

WILL ATTEND TO THE PURCHASE AND sale of

REAL ESTATE,

Insuring Buildings AND Merchandize

Against Loss or Damage by Fire!

Payment of Taxes, Collection of Debts,

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With promptness and to the satisfaction of all who may favor him with their business.

OFFICE—Opposite the Crescent Hotel, on College Avenue, Appleton, Wis.

49 W. S. WARNER.

Miscellaneous.

CITY CITY

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP,

Appleton, ... Wisconsin.

—o—

The undersigned having now completed his

New Foundry,

In connection with the MACHINE SHOP, is now prepared to furnish and finish

Castings and Wrought Irons

FOR MILLS, ENGINES, FACTORIES, &c. &c., on short notice and in a style calculated to please and give general satisfaction. To all wishing

Plows, Cast Iron or Steel,

I can furnish at prices that are bound to give satisfaction, also on hand a supply of

Grover's Patent Swing Beam Plows, With Ketchum's Improved Coulter.

KETTLES OF ALL SIZES, SLEIGH SHOES, BOX STOVES, &c. &c.

☞ BABBITT METAL of a superior quality always on hand.

FORGING,

In the machinery line done in the most approved style.

☞ We take all kinds of farm produce for work. v7n31

C. KETCHUM.

Appleton Sash Factory.

SASH, DOORS,
BLINDS, PICKETS,
&c., &c.,

Constantly on hand and made to order on short call.

PLANING

With the best of machinery done at all times. Produce and Country and City Orders taken in pay.

BUGLESTON, ROBINSON, & Co.
Appleton, 1860. v8n1

DIARIES FOR 1861.

A large assortment Kiggins & Kellogg's Diaries for 1861, from 18 cents to $1 50. For sale at

SMITH'S BOOKSTORE.

BININGER'S OLD LONDON DOCK GIN

GIN AS A REMEDIAL AGENT,

THIS DELICIOUS TONIC STIMULANT,

ESPECIALLY DESIGNED for the use of the MEDICAL PROFESSION and the FAMILY, having superseded the so-called "Gins," "Aromatics," "Cordials," Medicated," "Schnapps," etc., is now endorsed by all of the eminent physicians, chemists and connoisseurs, as possessing all of those intrinsic medical qualities (tonic and diuretic) which belong to an Old and Pure Gin. Put up in quart bottles and sold by all druggists, grocers, etc.

A. M. BININGER & Co.,
(Established in 1775.) Sole Proprietors,
No. 19, Broad street, N. Y.

For sale by D. S. Barnes, & Co., No. 13 Park Row, New York.

Our long experience and familiarity with the requirements of Druggists, and our superior business facilities, enable us to furnish them with choice Liquors for medicinal and family use. (35y1

Genuine Family Liquors

WM. B. MOREHOUSE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

Brandies, Wines, Gins and Segars,

Beg leave to call the attention of the citizens of the United States to their Pure Wines and Liquors, put up under their own supervision, for Family and Medicinal use, and respectfully solicit a share of the patronage of Clubs, Military and other public bodies, who require to purchase in large or small quantities, in casks or bottles, will be liberally dealt with. Price list sent on application.

OLD MOREHOUSE BITTERS,

Recommended by the first physicians as the best remedy known for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Debility and all nervous diseases. As a beverage, it is pure, wholesome and delicious to the taste. Sold by all Druggists.

WM. B. MOREHOUSE, & Co. Prop'rs,
3 & 5 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J.

EYE AND EAR.

DR. F. A. CADWELL,

OPERATOR ON THE EYE AND EAR

For Deafness, Blindness, and all Defects of Sight and Hearing.

DR. C. being a regular Physician, with TWENTY YEARS' exclusive practice in the treatment of diseases of the EYE AND EAR, will be found fully qualified to give relief or effect a cure in any case within the reach of human skill.

☞ No charge for an examination or opinion, or for unsuccessful services. ☜

DR. C'S TREATISE ON THE EYE AND EAR, of 300 pp., containing References, Testimonials, description of Diseases, Cases, and other important matter, illustrated with cuts, to be had gratis, by sending Ten cents to pay postage. Address Dr. CADWELL, 93 Randolph St., corner Dearborn, Chicago, Ill. (25y

Howard Association.

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A Benevolent Institution established by special Endowment, for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of Diseases of the Sexual Organs.

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SHERIFF SALE.

By virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the Circuit Court for the county of Outagamie, and to me directed against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Luther N. Carter and Henry Strong, defendants, and in favor of Henry Crane et al., plaintiff, I have on the 25th day of January, a. d. 1861, levied upon all the right, title, interest and estate of said Luther N. Carter and Henry Strong in and to the following described property, to wit: The east half of the south-west quarter of section fourteen (14), town twenty-one (21), range sixteen (16) east, subject to a mortgage of two hundred dollars; and also the south-east quarter of section thirty-four (34), town twenty-one (21), range sixteen (16), one hundred and sixty acres, which I shall sell by public auction, to the highest bidder, at the Sheriff's Office in the city of Appleton, county of Outagamie, and state of Wisconsin, on Monday, the fourth day of March, a. d. 1861, at 2 o'clock, p. m. of said day, to satisfy said writ and costs. Dated Sheriff's Office, city of Appleton, January 28th, 1861.

G. R. WOOD,
4w6 Sheriff Out. co., Wis.

SHERIFF SALE.

By virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the Circuit Court for the County of Outagamie and to me directed, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of D. S. Boylington, defendant, and in favor of Timothy W. Goodrich, et al., plaintiff, I have, on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1860, levied upon all the right, title, interest and estate of said D. S. Boylington in and to the following described property, to-wit:

The north half of the south east quarter of section fifteen (15) town twenty one (21), range sixteen (16) east—which I shall sell by public auction, to the highest and best bidder, at the Sheriff's office, in the city of Appleton, County of Outagamie, and state of Wisconsin, on Saturday, the sixteenth day of February, a. d. 1861 at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day. Dated Sheriff's Office, city of Appleton, Dec. 24th, 1860.

3w6 A. BROUILLARD,